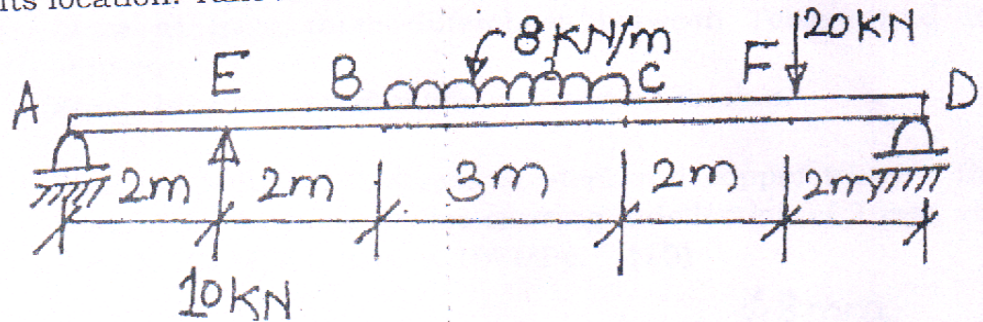


- Q5 a) Determine the diameter of the shaft to transmit 1MW rotating at 220 rpm and the working conditions to be satisfied are: 10
- that the shaft not twist more than  $1^\circ$  on length of 12 diameters and
  - the shear stress must not exceed  $60\text{N/mm}^2$ . Take  $C=84\text{KN/mm}^2$

- b) Find Euler's crippling load for hollow cylindrical column of 200 mm external diameter and 25 mm thick. Both ends of the column are hinged and length of the column is 6 m. Take  $E=8 \times 10^4 \text{ N/mm}^2$ . Compare Euler's crippling load with Rankine's crippling load for the same column. Take  $f_c=550 \text{ MPa}$  &  $\alpha = 1/1600$ . For what length of the column the critical loads by Euler's and Rankine's formula will be equal to each other. 10

- Q.6 a) Determine the deflection at B and the slope at D for simply supported beam as shown. Also find the maximum deflection and its location. Take  $E=2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$  and  $I=300 \times 10^8 \text{ mm}^4$ . 10



- b) The compound bar shown in figure consists of a 30mm diameter steel rod encased in a copper tube of internal diameter 30mm and external diameter 40mm. Find the stresses produced in steel and copper rod when a load of 100 N falls from a height of 40mm. Take  $E_s=2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ ,  $E_c=1 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$  10

