

(OLD COURSE)

QP Code : 4227

(3hours)

[Total Marks-100]

NB. : (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory

(2) Attempt any four questions out of remaining six questions.

(3) Assume suitable data where required and clearly state the same.

- Q1 Solve any four of the following 20
- Boundary layer separation
 - What do you understand by steady and unsteady flow in the case of channels?
 - Write short note on Aero foils
 - Define the term drag and lift
 - Explain M1, M2 and M3 Profiles
- Q2 a) Derive the dynamic equation for gradually varied flow 10
- b) Calculate the critical depth corresponding to a discharge of $6.0 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$ in 10
- Rectangular channel of width 3m.
 - Triangular channel of side slope 1.5 horizontal: 1 vertical
 - Trapezoidal channel of bottom width 2.0m and side slope 1 Horizontal to 1.0 vertical.
- Q3 a) Derive an expression for the lift produced on a rotating cylinder placed in a uniform flow field such that the axis of the cylinder is perpendicular to the direction. 10
- b) The discharge of water through a rectangular channel of width 8m is $15 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$ when depth of flow of water is 1.4 m. Determine 10
- Specific energy of flowing water
 - Critical depth and critical velocity
 - Value of minimum specific energy
- Q4 a) Obtain Von Karman momentum integral equation. 10
- b) A trapezoidal channel having the side slope equal to 60° with the horizontal and laid on a slope of 1 in 750 carries a discharge of $10 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$. Find width at the base and length of flow for most economical cross section. 10
- Take the value of Chezy's $C = 66$.

(P.T.O.)

RJ-Con. : 10191-15.

- Q5 a) Show that the head loss in hydraulic jump formed in a rectangular channel may be expressed as 10

$$\Delta E = (v_1 - v_2)^3 / 2g (v_1 + v_2)$$

- b) Derive the conditions for circular section to be most economical 10

- Q6 a) Design an irrigation channel in alluvial soil according to Lacey's silt theory with the following data. 10

Full supply discharge = 10 Cumecs

Lacey's silt factor = 0.9

Channel side slope = ½ (H): 1 (V)

- b) Compare Kennedy's theory and Lacey's theory 10

- Q7 a) Derive silt supporting capacity of channel according to Kennedy's theory. 10

b) Distinguish between deformation drag, surface drag and form drag. In the case of spherediscuss their relative importance at various increasing values of Reynolds number. 10
