## (OLD COURSE) (2 Hours)

**QP Code: 3093** [Total Marks: 75

N.B:- Question No. 1 is compulsory.

Solve any four questions from remaining questions.

Figures to right indicate full marks.

All questions carry equal marks.

(At-wt Ca=40, H=1, C=12, S = 32, O= 16, Si = 28, Cl=35.5, Mg= 24, Na = 23)

Solve any five Q.1.

[15]

- (a) Give brief account of reverse osmosis.
- (b) Distinguish between addition polymerisation and condensation polymerisation.
- (c) What is grease? Under which situation it is used as a lubricant.
- (d) What are plain carbon steels? How can they be classified on the basis of carbon content.
- (e) What are fullerenes? State their uses.
- (f) Distinguish between conventional and non conventional energy sources.
- (g) 1.50 gm of an oil was saponified with 50 ml of 0.1 N KOH solution. After refluxing the mixture required 7.5 ml of 0.1 N HCl for neutralization. Find saponification value of oil.
- Q.2. (a) Calculate the amount of lime (85% pure) and soda (90% pure) required for softening of 10,000 litres of boiler feed water containing following impurities. [6]

 $Ca(HCO_3)_2 - 16.2 \text{ ppm}$ 

 $MgSO_4 - 6.0 ppm$   $CaSO_4 - 6.8 ppm$ 

 $Mg(HCO_3)_2 - 8.4 ppm$ 

 $CaCl_2 - 11.1 \text{ ppm}$   $SiO_2 - 8.0 \text{ ppm}$ 

- (b) What are the main constituents of plastic? Write the functions and examples of each constituent. [5]
- (c) Rechargeable Nickel Hydrogen batteries.

[4]

Q.3	(a) What is meant by fabrication of plastic? Name different methods of fabrication	n.
	Explain transfer Moulding with the help of a neat diagram.	[6]
	(b) Give in brief the functions of various additives employed for the improvement	t of
	lubricants.	[5]
	(c) Describe the laser method for production of Carbon Nanotubes. State the appl	ications
	of Carbon Nanotubes.	[4]
Q. 4.	(a) Explain any two of the following properties of lubricants:-	[6]
	(i) Oiliness (ii) Cloud point and Pour point (iii) Acid Value.	
	(b) What is condensed phase rule equation & Explain Lead - Silver system with the help	
	of phase diagram.	[5]
	(c) The hardness of 25,000 Litres of water was completely removed using zeolite	e softner.
	For regeneration of exhausted zeolite bed, 200 Litres of NaCl solution conta	ining 20
	gms / ltr NaCl was required. Calculate the hardness of water sample.	[4]
Q.5	(a) State the phase rule. Discuss the application of phase rule to one component v	vater
	system.	[6]
	(b) How is activated sludge process carried out for the treatment of waste water?	
	Explain with flow- sheet diagram.	[5]
	(c) Write a note on conducting polymers.	[4]
Q.6	(a) Explain the application of nanomaterials in medicines and catalysis.	[6]
	(b) Define COD and BOD with its significance.	[5]
	(c) Write a note on hydrogen as a fue!	[4]
Q.7	(a) Write the preparation and uses of	[6]
	(i) Urea formaldehyde (ii) Buna – S – Rubber.	
	(b) Explain the theory of lime soda process with reference to the different functions of	
	lime and soda.	[5]
	(c) Explain the specific effects of the following metals on the properties of steels.	[4]
	(i) Cobalt (ii) Molybdenum.	