



4. (a) For the causal LTI digital filter with impulse response given by  $h(n) = 0.3 \delta(n) - \delta(n-1) + 0.38 \delta(n-3)$  sketch the magnitude spectrum of the filter. Using DFT. 10
- (b) Let  $X(K) = \{20, 0, -4+4j, 0, -4\}$  is the 8 point DFT of a real valued sequence  $x(n)$  10
- (i) Find  $X(K)$  for  $K=5, 6, 7$ .
- (ii) Find the 8 point DFT  $P(K)$  such that  $p(n) = (-1)^n x(n)$  Using DFT property.
5. (a) Find circular convolution and linear using circular convolution for the following sequences  $x_1(n) = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$  and  $x_2(n) = \{1, 2, 1, 2\}$ . Using Time Domain formula method. 10
- (b) Derive radix 2 DIT FFT flow graph and find the DFT of the sequence  $x(n) = \{0, 1, 2, 3\}$  10
6. (a) Write a detailed note on DSP Processor. 10
- (b) Write a detailed note on Carls' Correlation Coefficient Algorithm. Justify the necessary of Algorithm by given suitable example.

Course: B.E. (Sem VII) (REV. -2012) (CBSGS) (Computer Engg.) (Prog T2827)

QP Code: 5863

Correction:

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Q1(a) State the condition for Stability of LTI System, determine the range of values of  $a$  and  $b$  for which the impulse time invariant system with the following given impulse response is stable.

$$h[n] = \begin{cases} a^n & n \geq 0 \\ b^n & n < 0 \end{cases}$$

Q5(a) Find Circular Convolution and Linear Convolution using Circular Convolution for the following sequences

$x_1[n] = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$  and  $x_2[n] = \{1, 2, 1, 2\}$  using the time domain formula method.

Q6 Weightage for Q6(a) is 10 Marks and weightage for Q6(b) is 10 marks

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