FE-Sem-II-CBSGS
AP-II

24/11/15 QP Code: 5808

(2 Hours)

[Total Marks: 60

(1) Question No.1 is compulsory. N.B.:

- (2) Attempt any three questions from Q.2 to Q.6
- (3) Use suitable data wherever required.
- (4) Figures to right indicate full marks.

Attempt any five of the following:

- (a) Fringes of equal thickness are observed in a thin glass wedge of R.I-1.52. The fringe spacing is 1mm and wavelength of light used is 5893A°. Calculate the angle of the wedge.
- (b) What is meant by diffraction? State its types and differentiate them.
- (c) The core diameter of multimode step Index fibre is 50 µm. The numerical aperature is 0.25. Calculate the no. of guided modes at an operating wavelength of 0.75 µm.
- (d) Differentiate spontaneones and stimulated emission process related to laser operation.
- (e) How is phase difference between two A.C. signals measured by CRO?
- (f) What is De-Broglie wavelength of an electron which has been accelerated from rest through a potential difference of 100V?
- (g) How can the 'Maglev' train have very high speed?
- (a) Show that the diameter of Newton's nth ring is directly proportional to square root of ring number. In a Newtors ring pattern one of the dark ring due to light of wavelength 7000A is found to coincide with the dark righ of next order due to 5000A°. If the radius of curvature of the lens is 148.8cm. Find the diameter of the overlapping dark ring.
 - (b) Define: (i) Numberical aperature
 - (ii) Total internal reflection
 - (iii) Acceptance angle

Derive the expression for numerical aperature of step index fibre.

- 3. (a) What is Holography? Explain the construction and reconstruction of Hologram with neat diagrams.
 - (b) Why are the fringes in Wedge shaped film striaght? Derive the conditions of maxima and minima for interference in wedge shaped film.

TURN OVER

6

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MD-Con. 8004 -15.

4.	(a)	A diffraction grating used at normal incidence gives a yellow line	5
		(λ=6000A°) in a certain spectral order superimposed on a blue line	
		$(\lambda=4800A^{\circ})$ of next higher order. If the angle of diffraction is $\sin^{-1}(3/4)$,	
		Calculate the grating element.	
	(b)	Derive Schrodingers time-independent wave equation.	5
	(c)	Differentiate Type-I and Type-II super conductor.	5
		CX	
5.	(a)	The visible spectrum ranges from 4000A° to 7000A°. Find the angular	5
		breadth of the first order visible spectrum produced by a plane grating having	
		6000 lines/cm when light is incident normally on the grating.	
	(b)	Show that the energy of an electron in a box varies as the square of the natural number.	5
	(c)	What are carbon-nano tubes? Explain its properties?	5
6.	(a)	With single slit electron diffraction, prove Heisenberg's uncertainty	5
		principle.	
	(b)	Explain the principle, construction and working of CRT with neat diagram.	5
	(c)	Explain the top down approach and bottom up approach to prepare	5