## B. Pharm | sem-IT (c85G5)

	Q.P. Code: 500102	
	(3 Hours) [ Total Marks :	70
	<ol> <li>All questions are compulsory</li> <li>Write structures wherever required.</li> </ol>	
	Which is the strongest amongst all the intermolecular forces?  What are the characteristics of a peptide linkage?  Give an example of post-translational modification of a protein involving proteolytic processing.  Give an example of a protein or peptide approved for human use.  In uncompetitive inhibition Km increases, True or False. Correct if false.  Give an eg. of a drug that is antiviral due to inhibition of a viral enzyme, also name the enzyme.  Give an example of a nuclear receptor.	The state of the s
(10) (11) (12) (13)	use. Weakly basic drugs mainly exist in the unionized form in the stomach. True or False, correct if false. Enlist any four Phase -II metabolic reactions.	
	nlist any four intermolecular forces and give one example for each. raw the chemical structure for the following (any three)  (i) A Carbapenam  (ii) An extended spectrum penicillin  (iii) Fourth generation cephalosporin  (iv) Prodrug of tetracycline	3
(c) (i	Justify the statement "Functional diversity of proteins"	2

example from each class (give chemical structure)

- 3. (a) Explain the following terms and give one example for:
  (i) Signal transduction
  (ii) GPCR

  (b) Outline the synthetic route and give necessary reagents and reaction conditions of chloroquine OR Metronidazole
  (c) (i) Define (a) Agonist (b) Affinity
  (ii) Give the name and chemical structure for the fluoroquinolone with least incidence of phototoxicity. Justify.
- 4. (a) Predict atleast two phase-I metabolites for each of the following:

  4. (a) Predict atleast two phase-I metabolites for each of the following:

  4. (b) NH-S-()-N-N-DH

(i) 
$$NH - SI - N = N - COOCH5$$

- (b) Outline the synthesis of cloxacillin along with reagents and reaction conditions.
- (c) Answer in brief
  - (i) With suitable example explain 'Bioisosterism'.
  - (i) With a suitable example explain the influence of geometric isomerism on biological activity.
  - (ii) Give the structure and generic name for 1-Ethyl-6-fluoro-1, 4-dihydro-4-oxo-7-(1-piperazinyl) 3 quinoline carboxylic acid.
  - (iii) Justify "Co-trimoxazole is an example of synergism".
- 5. (a) State whether the following statements are true or false; justify the same and correct if false.
  - (i) Ampicillin is an acid-stable penicillin.
  - (ii) The presence of a good leaving group on the 3-position in cephalosporins is important for high acid stability.
  - (iii) The β-stereo orientation of the C-4 dimethylamino moiety of tetracyclines is essential for bioactivity.
  - (b) Gutline the synthesis with necessary reagents and reaction conditions for Dapsone.

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	(c)	Answer the following:	3
		(i) C-9 epimers of quinine are inactive. Justify.	
		(ii) Give the generic name and structure of a polycyclic antimalarial.	
		(iii) Name two derivatives of artemisinin.	
	(d)	Give the structure and generic name for	2
		(i) 1-(2-Methyl-5-nitro-1 H - imidazol - 1 -y1) propan-2-ol	
		(ii) N, N-Diethyl-4-methylpiperazine-1-carboxamide	
5.	(a)	Write a note on Allylamine antifungal agents	3
	(b)	(i) Write the mechanism of action for (any two)	2
		(a) Ethionamide	
		(b). Fluconazole	
		(c) Streptomycin	
		(ii) Enlist the structural features of polyene antifungal antibiotics and give	2
		two examples.	
	(c)	Answer the following (any two)	4
		(i) Structural features of macrolide antibiotics	
		(ii) Give the structure and use of Aztreonam	
		(iii) Classify various descriptors used in QSAR, giving one example from	
		each class.	