

[Time: 3 Hours]

[Marks:70

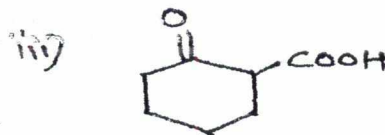
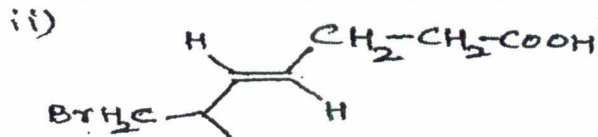
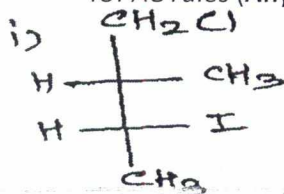
Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

- N.B:
1. All questions are compulsory
 2. Figures to the right indicate full marks

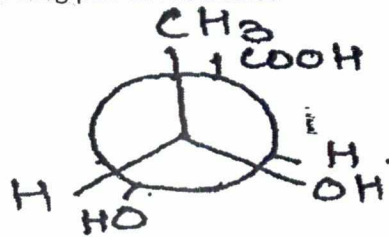
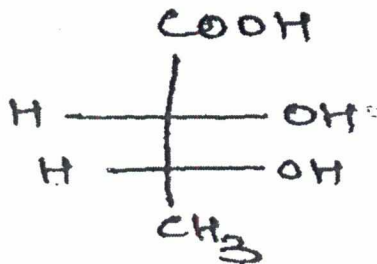
Q. 1 (A) Answer the following questions:-

12

- a) Give the suitable structures for the following compounds (Any two)
- i) Pent-3yn-1-al
 - ii) 1-cyclobutenyl-1,3-cyclohexadiene
- b) Assign E/Z or R/S or D/L notation and nomenclate the following as per IUPAC rules (Any two)

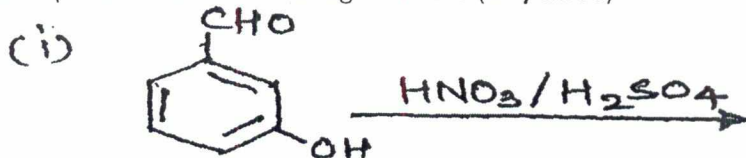


- c) Draw possible resonating structures for the following compounds
- i) Chlorobenzene
 - ii) p-nitrophenol
- d) Arrange the following in increasing order of acidity and justify Phenol, p-chlorophenol and benzoic acid
- e) Arrange the following in increasing order of basicity and justify aniline, m-nitroaniline, cyclohexylamine
- f) Establish the relationship between following pair of molecules



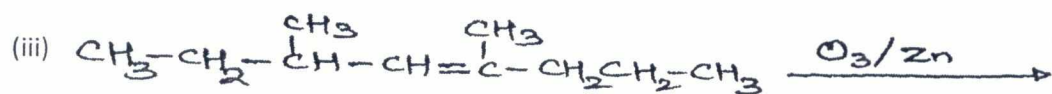
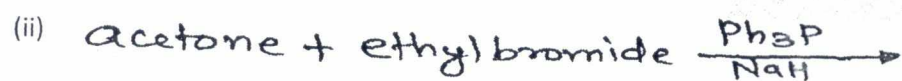
(B) Give product for the following reactions (Any three)

3



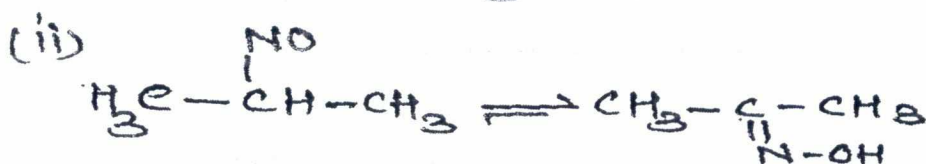
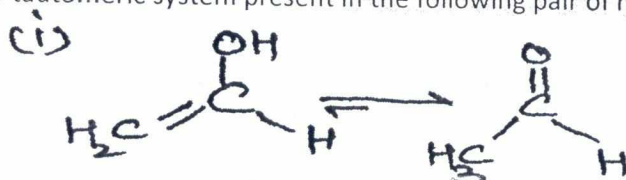
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2



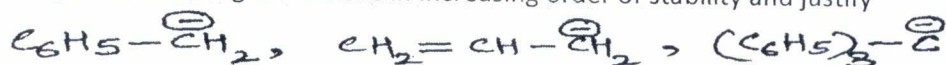
Q. 2 (A) Identify tautomeric system present in the following pair of molecules

2

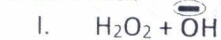


(B) Arrange the following carbanions in increasing order of stability and justify

2

(C) Give the products when the intermediate formed from reaction of propene and BH_3 reacts with

4



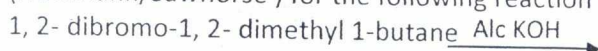
III. Name each type of above reaction and what is the net regioselectivity of the reaction

(D) Discuss stereochemistry of $\text{S}_{\text{N}}1$ reaction with appropriate example

4

Q. 3 (A) Discuss stereochemistry of E_2 elimination with projection formula (Newmann/Sawhorse) for the following reaction

4

(B) Compare $\text{S}_{\text{N}}1$ and $\text{S}_{\text{N}}2$ reaction

4

(C) Explain the following terms with suitable examples

3

i. Meso isomer ii. Atropisomer iii. Chiral molecule

3

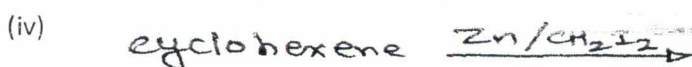
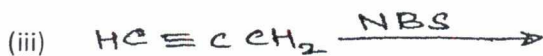
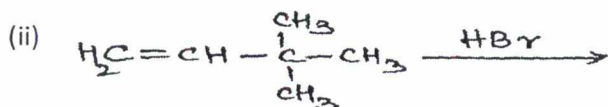
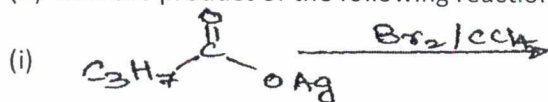
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Q. 4 (A) Arrange the following compounds in increasing order of reactivity towards electrophilic aromatic substitution reaction and justify your answer by giving reason 2

Bromobenzene, Acetanilide, Benzene, Benzoic acid

(B) "Chloro group in chlorobenzene is deactivating but o/p directing towards electrophilic aromatic substitution reaction". Justify the above statement 2

(C) Give the product of the following reactions (any three) 3



(D) Attempt the following conversions (any four) 4

i) n-propane \longrightarrow proyne

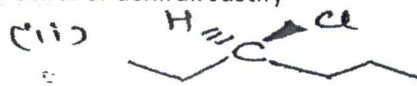
ii) Toluene \longrightarrow p-methyl acetophenone

iii) 2,4-dinitro chloro benzene $\xrightarrow{\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{ONa}}$

iv) 2-chloro butane \longrightarrow butane-2-ol

v) 1-propene \longrightarrow propyleneglycol

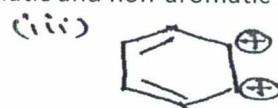
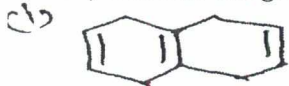
Q. 5 (A) Identify whether the following molecules are chiral or achiral. Justify 2




(B) Suggest a suitable method to resolve a racemic mixture of basic organic compound 2

(C) State Huckel's rule of aromaticity. 4

Identify whether the given molecules are aromatic, antiaromatic and non-aromatic



- (D) Discuss with suitable example nucleophilic aromatic substitution reaction proceeding with elimination-addition mechanism 3
- Q. 6 (A) Explain why alkynes are less reactive than alkene towards addition of bromine 2
- (B) Compare the stabilities of 1,3,5- heptatriene and 1,3,6,- heptatriene. Justify 2
- (C) Attempt the following conversions (**any three**) 3
- I. Acetylene \longrightarrow 2-hexyne
 - II. 1-butene \longrightarrow 1,3-butadiene
 - III. $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CH Br}$ \longrightarrow 2-methyl pentane
 - IV. Isobutylene \longrightarrow acetone
- (D) Give the product of the following reactions (**any two**) 2
- i) Z-but-2-ene peracetic acid
 - ii)  $\xrightarrow[\text{NaBH}_4]{\text{Hg}(\text{OAc})_2, \text{H}_2\text{O}}$
 - iii) 3-hexyne $\xrightarrow{\text{H}_2 / \text{Lindlar Catalyst}}$
- (E) Write a note on chlorination of ethane 2

TURN OVER

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

N.B: 1. All Questions are compulsory.

1. **Answer the following**
 - a) Draw the structure of AMP 1
 - b) Name the stop codons 1
 - c) Name the shuttle which transports reducing equivalent from cytosol to mitochondria) matrix 1
 - d) Give the net ATP yield after oxidation of stearic acid 1
 - e) Enlist the components of ETC 1
 - f) Name two drugs inhibiting cholesterol synthesis; also mention the step which is inhibited 2
 - g) Name two drugs inhibiting Topoisomerase 2
 - h) Give the significance of Pentose phosphate pathway 2
 - i) Explain why DNA polymerase III is the primary enzyme for replication instead of DNA polymerase I 2
 - j) Calculate total ATPs formed when two molecules of acetyl CoA are consumed in TCA cycle 2

2. **a) Give the names and structures of the substrate and product of the following enzymatic reactions (any 2)** 4
 - i) Glutamine- PRPP amidotransferase
 - ii) β - Ketoacyl ACP reductase
 - iii) α - ketoglutarate dehydrogenase complex

- b) Write structures of given substrate and product with name of the enzyme catalysing the reaction (any 2)** 4
 - i) Pyruvate to oxaloacetate
 - ii) Acetoacetyl CoA to HMG CoA
 - iii) Inosinate to adenylosuccinate

- c) Differentiate biosynthesis and β - oxidation of fatty acid** 3

3. **a) Give the biosynthesis of UTP. Predict the effect of methotrexate on pyrimidine nucleotide synthesis** 4

- b) Discuss post transcriptional modification in eukaryotes** 4

- c) Give the significance of telomeres and telomerase inhibitors** 3

4. **a) Write a note on Salvage pathway** -3

- b) Differentiate between prokaryotic and eukaryotic translation** 3

- c) Give steps for synthesis of mevalonate** 3

- d) Describe role of proteases and peptidases** 2

5. **a) Write a note on glycogenogenesis** 4

- b) Explain the preparatory phase of glycolysis** 4

- c) Explain DNA sequencing by Sanger dideoxy method** 3

6. **a) Distinguish between oxidative and substrate level phosphorylation** 4

- b) Compare biosynthesis with chemical synthesis of peptides** 4

- c) Draw schematic representation of DNA replication in prokaryotic cell** 3

sem-III (CBSSGS)
Sub-DP

18/04/20

Q.P. Code :05549

[Time: Three Hours]

[Marks:70]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

- N.B: 1. All the questions are compulsory.
2. Figure to right indicate full marks.

- Q.1 a Convert the following: 2
- i) 2 pint=.....ml
 - ii) 200 minims=.....ml
 - iii) 10 kg=.....lb
 - iv) 10 grains=.....mg
- b What are the steps involved in general dispensing procedures 2
- c Calculate the dose of a drug for a 5 years child when the adult dose of the same drug is 50 mg 1
- d Give an account of manufacturing of lozenge 2
- e Give an account of suspension made by chemical reaction 2
- f Differentiate between o/w and w/o emulsion 2
- g Classify different types of emulsifiers with examples 2
- h Enlist the advantages and disadvantages of capsules as a dosage form 2
- Q.2 a How many ml of 1:10000 w/v solution of preservative benzalkonium chloride can be made from 250 ml of 0.25% solution 3
- b Comment on the following prescription 4
- Rx
Sodium sulphate 30% w/w
Effervescent base qs
Dose: 1 tsp to be added to a tumblerful of water and consumed before breakfast
OR
Classify powders. Describe the salient features of compounding and dispensing of tablet triturates.
- c Enlist the various types of ointment bases. Describe in detail any one ointment base 4
- Q.3 a Classify creams. Write a note on preservation of creams 3
- b Enlist the advantages of solution as a dosage form. comment on the following prescription 4
- Rx
100 ml of Zinc chloride and Zinc sulphate mouthwash BPC
Zinc chloride 1% w/v
Zinc sulphate 2% w/v
Label: To be diluted with 20 times its volume of warm water before use
OR
Give an account of solutions taken orally
- c Elaborate on compounding and dispensing of pastilles 4

- Q.4 a Explain the "Wet Gum" method used for compounding of emulsions. 3
b What are the ideal properties of a good suspension? Differentiate between suspension containing diffusible and indiffusible solids. 4
OR
Write a note on compounding and dispensing of suspensions containing precipitate forming liquids.
c Draw an imaginary prescription and label its parts. Include a note on pricing of prescription 4
- Q.5 a Find the amount of NaCl to be included in 100 ml of a 0.3% w/v solution of Zinc sulphate so that, on dilution with an equal quantity of water, it will be iso-osmotic with tissue fluids. 3
Given:
Freezing point of 1%w/v solution of Zinc sulphate is -0.076°C
Freezing point of 1%w/v solution of sodium chloride is -0.576°C
b Give a detailed account of theobroma oil as a suppository base 4
OR
Discuss polyethylene glycol as suppository base
c What is incompatibility. Discuss chemical incompatibility 4
- Q.6 a Give the labeling instruction for any 2 of the following dosage forms: 2
1. Ear drops
2. Mouthwashes
3. Creams
b Give the English translation of the following Latin terms or abbreviations: 2
1. t.i.d.
2. Dolore urgent
3. Post cibos
4. Omni hora
c Write a note on dispensing of proprietary medicines 3
d In what proportions would you mix Tween 80 (HLB 15) and Span 80 (HLB 4.5) to obtain 50 g of an emulgent having a HLB of 8. 2
e Define displacement value. Discuss its significance 2

B. Pharm, Sem-III (BSSGS)
Sub-PE

24/04/17

Q.P. Code :06710

[Time: 3 Hours]

[Marks:70]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

- N.B:
1. All questions are compulsory.
 2. Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.

- Q.1
- a) Differentiate between Simple and U-tube manometer. 03
 - b) Outline the mass transfer in Turbulent flow. 03
 - c) What is caking and how do you combat caking. 02
 - d) Enlist various factors affecting rate of evaporation. 02
 - e) Draw neat and labelled diagram for vapour-liquid equilibrium of an ideal binary mixture. 02
 - f) Discuss Aluminum and its alloys. 03
- Q.2
- a) Explain in detail positive displacement pumps. 04
 - b) Describe in detail Swenson Walker crystallizer OR Krystal crystallizer. 04
 - c) Discuss the theory and applications of Molecular Distillation. 03
- Q.3
- a) With a neat diagram explain the working of Rotameter OR Venturimeter. 04
 - b) Classify condensers and elaborate on any one. 03
 - c) Elaborate on brine systems and absorption systems in refrigeration. 04
- Q.4
- a) State and explain Bernoulli's theorem. 04
 - b) Describe with suitable examples basic principles involved in any one temperature measurement device. 04
- OR
- a) State Fourier's and Kirchhoff's law of Heat transfer. 04
 - b) Explain Nucleation phenomena in crystallization. 03
- Q.5
- a) Elaborate on centrifugal Pumps. 03
 - b) Give an account on Theory of Fractionation OR Sieve Plate columns. 04
 - c) Discuss the Electrical Hazards encountered in manufacturing unit and steps involved in its prevention. 04
- Q.6
- a) Explain in detail working of Pneumatic conveyors. 03
 - b) Elaborate on design and working of Climbing Film evaporator. 04
 - c) Write a short note on Galvanic OR Pitting corrosion. 04

[Time: 3 Hours]

[Marks:70]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

- N.B:
1. All questions are compulsory
 2. Figures to the right indicates full marks
 3. Draw neat and labeled diagram wherever diagram wherever necessary

- Q.1 A) Answer the following 12
- vii. Define 'Iso-volumetric Ventricular Contraction'.
 - viii. Define Stroke Volume and enlist the factors affecting it.
 - ix. Define Net filtration pressure.
 - x. What are the causes of Peptic Ulceration.
 - xi. Give the general structure and composition of tooth.
 - xii. State the functions of Renal System.
- B) Fill in the Blanks 3
- iv. The chamber of heart with the thickest myocardium is -----.
 - v. ----- cells secretes pepsinogen and gastric lipase.
 - vi. The Aortic and Pulmonary Valves are known as the -----.
- Q.2 A) Answer ANY TWO of the following 8
- iv. Draw a neat and labeled diagram of section of ovary.
 - v. Describe the role of various accessory sex glands in male reproductive system.
 - vi. Write a note on sexually transmitted diseases.
- B) Answer ANY ONE of the following 3
- iii. Write a note on male infertility.
 - iv. Describe role of FSH in menstrual cycle.
- Q.3 A) Answer ANY TWO of the following 8
- iv. Draw a neat and labeled diagram showing internal structure of heart.
 - v. Discuss the pathophysiology of congestive heart failure.
 - vi. Draw a normal ECG. Explain the significance of segments and peaks and its diagnostic use.
- B) Answer ANY ONE of the following 3
- i. Explain the effect of the following on Heart.
 - a. Calcium
 - b. Adrenaline
 - c. Acetylcholine
 - ii. Describe the structure features of capillaries and state its functions

- Q.4 A) Answer ANY TWO of the following 8
- iv) Draw neat and labeled diagram of nephrons.
 - v) Explain the process of urine formation.
 - vi) Explain the structure and function of liver.
- B) Answer ANY ONE of the following 3
- iii. Define: Hypervolemia, Hyponatremia and Hypokalemia.
 - iv. Explain rennin-angiotensin-aldosterone system.
- Q.5 A) Answer ANY TWO of the following 8
- iv) Draw neat and labeled diagram of section of small intestine.
 - v) Describe the process of digestion and absorption of carbohydrates across the GIT.
 - vi) Discuss the function of gall bladder and pancreas.
- B) Answer ANY ONE of the following 3
- iii) Write a note on Reflux Esophagitis.
 - iv) Discuss the pathophysiology of Crohn's disease.
- Q.6 A) Answer ANY TWO of the following 8
- iv) Describe the pathophysiology of Atherosclerosis.
 - v) Write a note on Baro-receptor reflex.
 - vi) Differentiate between pulmonary and systemic circulation.
- B) Answer ANY ONE of the following 3
- iii) What does the heart sounds 'lubb and 'dupp' indicate?
 - iv) Write a note on Angina pectoris.

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

- N.B:
1. All questions are compulsory.
 2. Use of simple calculator is allowed.
 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q.1 (A) Attempt any 7 [2 marks each]:

14

- 1) The value of $\int_2^5 (3x^2 + 2x + 1)dx$ is:
 - a) 411
 - b) 141
 - c) 142
 - d) 35
- 2) If $\begin{vmatrix} 2 & x \\ 1 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} x & 6 \\ 2 & 4 \end{vmatrix}$ then the value of x is:
 - a) 1
 - b) -2
 - c) 4
 - d) 2
- 3) The N^{th} derivative of $f(x)=\log(2x+1)$ is:
 - a) $y_n = \frac{1}{2(2x+1)}$
 - b) $y_n = \frac{(1)^{n-1}(n-1)!2^n}{(2x+1)^n}$
 - c) $y_n = \frac{(1)^n(n)!2^n}{(2x+1)^n}$
 - d) $y_n = \frac{(1)^n(n-1)!2^n}{(2x+1)^n}$
- 4) For $f(x,y)=x^2+xy+y^2$, the value of $\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2}$ is:
 - a) $2x+y$
 - b) 1
 - c) 2
 - d) $x+2y$
- 5) If $y=2x$, then Δy by taking $h=1$ is:
 - a) 4
 - b) 2
 - c) 3
 - d) 1
- 6) If $A = \begin{bmatrix} k & k & 4 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ is a singular matrix, then value of k is:
 - a) $5/4$
 - b) $5/2$

c) 15/4

d) 40/8

7) The solution of the differential equation $x dx + y dy = 0$ is:

a) $x^2 + y^2 = c$

b) $x^2 - y^2 = c$

c) $x + y = c$

d) $x - y = c$

8) The value of $\int \log x dx$ is:

a) $x \log x - 1 + c$

b) $x \log x + 1 - c$

c) $x(\log x + 1) + c$

d) $x(\log x - 1) + c$

9) General solution for the differential equation $(D^3 - 6D^2 + 9D)y = 0$ is:

a) $(c_1x + c_2)e^{3x} + c_3$

b) $c_1e^{3x} + c_2e^{3x} + c_3e^{0x}$

c) $(c_1x + c_2x)e^{3x} + c_3$

d) $(c_1x + c_2)e^{3x} + c_3e^{3x}$

(B) Attempt any 1:

1

10) The value of $\int_{-2}^2 x^5 dx$ is:

a) 16/3

b) 8/3

c) 0

d) 3/16

11) Which of the following is not a homogeneous differential equation?

a) $f(x, y) = 2x - 9y$

b) $f(x, y) = 3x^2 - 7y^2$

c) $f(x, y) = x^2 + 3y^2 - 1$

d) a and b

Q.2 (A) Attempt any two (4 marks each)

8

1) Find the N^{th} derivative of $y = \frac{2x+1}{x^2+3x+2}$

2) Using Maclaurin's series, give the expansion of $f(x) = \cos x$

3) Examine the function $f(x, y) = xy(3 - x - y)$ for maxima and minima.

(B) Attempt any one (3 marks)

3

1) State Roil's Mean Value Theorem. Use it to verify for $f(x) = x^2 - 5x + 6$ in $[2, 3]$

2) Differentiate the equation: $(1+x^2)y_2 - xy_1 + y = 0$, n times w.r.t. x .

Q.3 (A) Attempt any two (4 marks each)

8

1) Obtain the reduction formula for $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^n x dx$, hence evaluate $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{10} x dx$

2) Find the whole area of the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{16} = 1$

3) Evaluate : $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^4 x \, dx$

(B) Attempt any one (3 marks)

1) The portion of the curve $x^2=9y$ between $x=0$ and $x=3$ is revolved about x-axis. Find the volume of solid of revolution. 3

2) By using the properties of Definite integral, Prove $\int_0^{\pi/2} \left(\frac{\cos x}{\sin x + \cos x} \right) dx = \frac{\pi}{4}$

Q.4 (A) Attempt any two (4 marks each) 8

1) By using the Adjoint method, find the inverse of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

2) Find the Eigen values and one of the Eigen vectors of the matrix: $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$

3) Verify Cayley Hamilton theorem for the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

(B) Attempt any one (3 marks) 3

1) Solve the following equations by Cramer's rule:

$$x+y=3, y+z=5, x+z=4$$

2) Find the Rank of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 4 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$

Q.5 (A) Attempt any two (4 marks each) 8

1) Solve $(x^3+y^3)dy=x^2y \, dx$

2) Solve $(1-x) \, dy - (1+y) \, dx = 0$. Also find the particular solution, if $y=2$ when $x=1$

3) Find the particular solution of $(D^3-D^2-D+1)y=0$, when $x=0, y=1$ and $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$

(B) Attempt any one (3 marks) 3

1) Form the differential equation for $y=ae^x+be^{-x}$, where a, b are arbitrary constants.

2) Solve the following homogeneous differential equations: $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{xy+y^2}{x^2+xy}$

Q.6 (A) Attempt any two (4 marks each) 8

1) Using Lagrange's interpolation formula obtain a polynomial which passes via the points (0,5), (1,-1) and (3,13).

2) Given :

x	1	3	5	7	9	11	13
f(x)	5	21	53	101	165	245	341

Find $\int_1^{13} f(x) \, dx$, using Simpson's 1/3rd rule.

3) Estimate the missing term by using E and Δ from the following:

x	0	1	2	3	4
Y	1	3	9	-	81

(B) Attempt any one (3 marks)

1) Estimate the value of $f(x)$ at $x=2.65$ from the following data by Newton's forward difference formula.

x	-1	0	1	2	3
f(x)	-21	6	15	12	3

2) Solve $\left(\frac{\Delta^2}{E}\right)x^3$ by taking $h=1$

3