

School of Engineering & Technology

Date:

SEM: VIII

## KALSEKAR TECHNICAL CAMPUS

AIKTC/KRRC/SoET/ACKN/QUES/2017-18/

School: SoET-CBSGS

Note: SC - Softcopy, HC - Hardcopy

(Shaheen Ansari) Librarian, AIKTC School of Pharmacy

Knowledge Resource & Relay Centre (KRRC)

Branch: EXTC

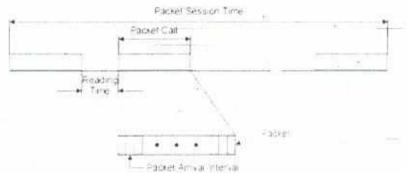
Dear	Sir/Madam,			è	
	ved with thanks the following Semester/Un	it Test-I/Unit Test	-II (Re	g./ATKT	) questio
Sr.	s from your exam cell:  Subject Name	Subject Code	Format		No. of
No.	Subject Name	Subject code	SC	HC	Copies
1	Wireless Networks	ETC801		/	
2	Satellite communication and Networks	ETC802		/	
3	Internet and Voice Communication	ETC803		V	
4	Elective TNM	ETE80X		/	
5					
6					

Q. P. Code: 36601

			(3 hours)	(Marks:80)	
N. E	3. (1)	Question 1 is compulsory.	-	2.	
MER		Solve any three from remaining	, tive	10	
	(3)	Draw neat sketches wherever re	equire.		in .
	(4)	Assume suitable data if require	d.		
5551	(a) (b) (c) (d) (e)	Solve any four Explain E-UTRAN with suita What are the three phases of What is 'hidden node' and 'e What are the basic middlewa With a suitable example explanetwork	wireless network xposed node' pro re functions for V	blem in WLAN? VSN? Explain.	5 5 5 . 5
2.	(a)	Explain middleware architect	ture of WSN		10
-	(b)	Explain HSDPA emphasizing performance improvement?		ctives and how it achie	
3.	(a)	Give the detailed radio access functions of Node B and RNO			10
	(b)	List out the factors affecting a planning, Discuss these facto		r network and the frequ	uency 10
4.	(a) (b)	Why TCP and UDP protocols Using the following data for a traffic per subscriber. If there traffic per cell.  • Subscriber usage per a • Days per month: 24	a GSM network, are 40 BTS sites	estimate the voice and , calculate voice and da tes	data 10
		Busy hours per day: 6	ñ		
		<ul> <li>Allocated spectrum: 4</li> </ul>			
[+]	))	<ul> <li>Frequency reuse plan:</li> <li>RF channel width: 20</li> <li>Present no. of subscril</li> </ul>	0 kHz(full rate)	0,000	. 8
		<ul> <li>Subscriber growth per</li> <li>Network roll out period</li> </ul>	od: 4 years	e 11	
		<ul> <li>Number of packet cal</li> <li>Number of packets wi</li> <li>Reading time between</li> <li>Packet size (NBP): 48</li> </ul>	ithin a packet call 1 packet calls (T <sub>r</sub> )	(NPP): 25	98
		<ul> <li>Time interval between</li> </ul>	n two packets insi olding time durir	de a packet call (T <sub>int</sub> ): ng one hour (T <sub>int</sub> ): 3000 er: 0.15	
		Penetration of data su     Data rate of each subs	bscribers: 25%		08
		Packet transmission ti			

Q. P. Code: 36601

10



- (a) Why network management design is critical issue in WSN? Explain.
  - (b) What is localization of WSN nodes? Explain with examples centralized and 10 distributed schemes in localization.
- 6. (a) Explain Bluetooth security features and security levels with proper diagram 10
  - (b) Write short note on (any two):
    - (1) WIMAX
    - (2) RFID
    - (3) ZigBee
    - (4) LTE

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Q. P. Code: 27441

Time: 3 hours	Marks: 80
NB: 1) Question number 1 is compulsory.	
Answer any three questions out of remaining questions.	
Answer the questions with suitable diagrams.	
1. Answer the following	10
(a) Discuss 1) GPS and VSAT	
(b) Compare (i) FH- CDMA and DS-CDMA.	10
(ii) Explain Launching of Geo stationary satellites	
(a) Explain block diagram of Transmit and receive type of earth station,     Explain each block in detail.	10
(c) Which types of antennas are used in satellite communication  Explain one antenna in detail	10
<ol> <li>(a) What is Earth eclipse of Satellite?</li> <li>Are there any ways of avoiding eclipse during lifetime of satellite.</li> </ol>	10
(b) Explain the following:	10
(i) I db Compression point	
(ii) AM to PM conversion	
4. (a) Describe different stabilization Techniques	10
(b) Explain TT & C system with the help of block diagram.	10
5. (a) What is EIRP ?discuss the importance of [G/T] ratio	
Calculate overall [C/N] for a satellite link if	
[C/N] uplink=25db, [C/N] downlink=20db and [Intermodulation] =12db	
(b) Explain SPADE system and SCPC of FDMA	10
Write short notes on any two	20
(a) Optical link satellite transmitter and receiver	
(b) Onboard connectivity with transparent processing	
(c) Frame organization and window organization	

(108)

Q.P. Code: 40105

**Duration: 3 hours** 

Max marks: 80

Note the following instructions.

- (a) Question No.1 is compulsory
- (b) Total 4 questions need to be solved
- (c) Attempt any three questions from remaining five questions.
- (d) Assume suitable data wherever necessary, justify the same

1.

a. Explain Control bits (flags) in TCP header.

[5x4]

- b. Draw the OSI Model and list two functions of each layer.
- c. An IP datagram has arrived with the following information in the header. 45 00 00 54 00 03 00 00 20 06 00 00 7C 4E 03 02 B4 0E 0F 02
  - i) What is the version of IP? ii) Are there any options? iii) Is the packet fragmented? iv) What is the header length? v) What is the size of the data? vi) Is a checksum used? vii) How many routers can the packet travel to? viii) What is the identification number of the packet? ix) What is the type of service? x) The data belong to what upper layer protocol?
- Explain the standard designed by ITU to allow telephones on public telephone network to talk to computers connected to the internet.

2. [10x2]

- Explain in brief one message transfer agent and one message access agent.
- Discuss DHCP operation when the client and server are on the same network or on different network.

3. [10x2]

a. List and explain purpose of each timer in TCP.

 Discuss how TCP implements flow control in which the receive window controls the size of the send window.

[10x2]

Explain the digitization and compression of Audio and Video.

- b. An ISP is granted a block of addresses starting with 120.60.4.0/20. The ISP wants to distribute this block to 100 organizations with each organization receiving 8 addresses only. Design the subblocks and give the slash notation for each subblock. Find out how many addresses are still available after these allocations.
- 5. [10x2]
  - Explain the protocol designed to handle real-time traffic on the internet.
  - Explain an application layer protocol that establishes, manages, and terminates a multimedia session(call).
- 6. Write a short note on :

[5x4]

- a. Private IP address.
- b. Domain name system.
- c. Connection establishment in TCP using Three-way Handshaking.
- d. Techniques to Improve Quality of Service (QoS).



Q.P. Code: 17003

				[Time: Three Hours]	larks:	
			1	Please check whether you have got the right question paper.		
		N.B:	1.	Q.1 is compulsory		
			2.	Solve any three questions out of remaining.	I.	
			3.	Assume suitable data if necessary stating it clearly		
Q.1.	a)	What is OM	AP ir	n network management?	05	
	b)	) What is remote monitoring?				
	c)					
	d)	Describe Co	de B	ook Reasoning based event correlation technique?	05	
Q.2	a)	periodically on a 10-Mb	. The ps LA	ering the 24000 workstations in an organization. You are pinging each station message size in both directions is 128 bytes long. The NMS you are using is N, which functions with 30% efficiency. What would be the frequency of your not to exceed 5% overhead?		
	b)	List and des	cribe	SNMP various commands with command syntax.	10	
Q.3	a)	With respecti) Scoping and ii) Linked Reiii) GDMO iv) ACSE and	nd Fil plies		10	
	b)	Draw a neat	diag	ram of TMN functional architecture with interfaces.	10	
2.4	a)	List and desc	ribe	RMON2 MIB groups with their functions.	10	
	b)	What is SNM	IP pro	oxy server?	10	
2.5	a)	Explain user	secu	rity model (USM) of SNMPv3?	10	
	b)	Draw and de	scrib	e SNMP v1 message and SNMP v1PDU formats.	10	
.6	a)	Explain the s	ignifi	cance of Trap. Describe the different types of traps.	10	
	b)	What is ATM	Netv	work management?	10	

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