

# School of Engineering & Technology

School of Pharmacy

Knowledge Resource & Relay Centre (KRRC)

AIKTC/KRRC/SoET/ACKN/QUES/2017-18/ Date:
School: <u>SoET-CBSGS</u> Branch: <u>EXTC</u> SEM: <u>VI</u>
To,
Exam Controller,
AIKTC, New Panvel.
Dear Sir/Madam,
Received with thanks the following Semester/Unit Test-I/Unit Test-II (Reg./ATKT) question
papers from your exam cell:

ETC601 ETC602 ETC603	SC	HC ✓	No. of Copies
ETC602			02
		/	02
ETC603			
			02
ETC604			02
ETC605			02
ETC606			02
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Note: SC - Softcopy, HC - Hardcopy

(Shaheen Ansari) Librarian, AIKTC

#### T'E-Sem-VI - CBSGS-EXTC Paper / Subject Code: 37001 / DIGITAL COMMUNICATION

16/11/18

Q. P. Code: 38835

(3 Hours)

(Total Marks: 80

N.B.: (1) Question No 1 is Compulsory.

- (2) Attempt any three questions out of remaining five.
- (3) All questions carry equal marks.
- (4) Assume Suitable data, if required and state it clearly.

#### 1. Attempt any Four:-

(a)	Derive an expression for Entropy	
(b)	Explain linearity and cyclic property of cyclic code.	05
(c)	How is spread spectrum signal different from normal signal?	05
(d)	Compare: Binary phase shift keying and binary frequency shift keying.	05
(e)	Write short note on equalizers?	05

2. (a) A discrete memoryless source has an alphabet of seven symbols with probabilities for its output as described in Table

Symbol	S <sub>0</sub>	Sı	S <sub>2</sub>	S <sub>3</sub>	S <sub>4</sub>	S <sub>5</sub>	S <sub>6</sub>
Probability	0.25	0.25	0.125	0.125	0.125	0.0625	0.0625

Compute the Huffman code for this source moving the "combined" symbol as high as Possible. Explain why the computed source code has an efficiency of 100 percent.

- (b) Explain the necessity of line codes for data transmission. State different types of Line codes.
- 3. (a) Explain in detail 16-QAM Transmitter and receiver system. Also drawSignal constellation diagram for 16 QAM in detail.
  - (b) Calculate the error probability of matched filters.
- 4. (a) Explain the working of QPSK system with neat block diagrams.
  - (b) The Parity check matrix of particular (7,4) linear block code is given by:

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- 1. Find the generator matrix (G).
- 2. List all code vectors.
- 3. What is the minimum distance between the code vectors?
- 4. How many error can detected? How many can be corrected?

# Paper / Subject Code: 37001 / DIGITAL COMMUNICATION

Q. P. Code: 38835

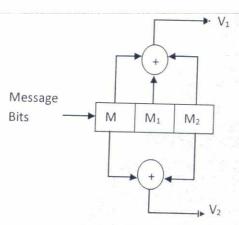
2

5. (a) Encode the message 101 in systematic form using polynomial division and the generator  $g(X) = 1 + X + X^2 + X^4$ 

10

10

(b) For the given code show in figure obtain the convolutional code for the bit sequence 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 and decode it by constructing the corresponding code tree.



- 6. (a) Draw the block diagram for FH-SS system and explain the working.

  Differentiate between slow frequency hopping and fast frequency hopping.
  - (b) Draw the block diagram of MSK transmitter. Why MSK is called shaped QPSK. 10

# T.E-sem-VI-CBSGS-EXTC

26/11/18

Paper / Subject Code: 37002 / DISTRICT TIME SIGNAL PROCESSING

Q.P. CODE: 37019

Time: 3 Hours

Marks: 80

N.B: (1) Questions No.1 is compulsory.

- (2) Attempt any three questions out of remaining five questions.
- (3) Assume suitable data if required.
- (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

#### Q 1. Solve any four

a) Determine the zeros of the following systems and indicate whether the system is minimum, maximum or mixed phase.

1) 
$$H_1(z) = 6+z^{-1}+6z^{-2}$$

2) 
$$H_2(z)=1-z^{-1}-6z^{-2}$$

5

b) Define group delay and phase delay.

5

c) Compare FIR and IIR filters

5

d) What is frequency warping in bilinear transformation.

5

Q2 a) Compute DFT of sequence  $x(n)=\{2,1,2,1,1,2,1,2\}$  using DIT-FFT algorithm.

10

b) A low pass filter is to be designed with following desired frequency response.

$$Hd(e^{jw})=e^{-j2w}$$

$$-\frac{\pi}{4} \le W \le \frac{\pi}{4}$$

=0

$$\frac{\pi}{4} < w \le \pi$$

Determine the filter coefficients  $h_d(n)$  if the window function is defined as

$$w(n)=1 \qquad 0 \le n \le 4$$

Also determine the frequency response H (ejw) of the designed filter.

10

Q 3 a) The transfer function for discrete time system is given as

$$H(z) = \frac{1 + \frac{1}{2}Z^{-1}}{1 - \frac{3}{4}Z^{-1} + \frac{1}{8}Z^{-2}}$$

- i) Draw Direct Form I and Form II realization
- ii)Draw cascaded and parallel form realization

10

b) Explain subband coding of speech signal as a application of multirate signal processing. 10

#### Paper / Subject Code: 37002 / DISTRICT TIME SIGNAL PROCESSING

Q.P. CODE: 37019

Q4 a) Develop composite radix DITFFT flow graph for  $N=6=2\times3$ .

10

b) Design a digital Butterworth filter that satisfies following constraints using bilinear transformation method. Assume Ts=1s.

$$0.9 \le |H(e^{jw})| \le 1$$
  $0 \le w \le \frac{\pi}{2}$ 

$$|H(e^{jw})| \le 0.2$$
  $\frac{3\pi}{4} \le w \le \pi$  10

Q 5 a) Show the mapping from S plane to Z plane using impulse invariant method. Explain its limitations. Using this method determine H(z) if

$$H(s) = \frac{10}{(s+5)(s+2)}$$
 if Ts=0.2s.

- b) If  $x(n)=\{1,2,3,\}$  and  $h(n)=\{1,0\}$ 
  - 1) Find linear convolution using circular convolution
  - 2) Find circular convolution using DFT-IDFT.
- Q6 Write short notes on following,
  - a. Musical Sound Processing. 07
  - b. Dual tone multi frequency signal detection. 06
  - c. Subband Coding of Speech signals.

[ Marks:80]

### Paper / Subject Code: 37003 / COMPUTER COMMUNICATION AND TELECOM NETWORKS

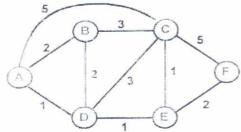
[Time: Three Hours]

Q.P. Code: 34633

		Р	lease check whether you have got the right question paper.	
		N.B: 1.	Question No.1 is compulsory.	
		2.	Solve any three out of remaining five questions.	
			Draw neat diagram if necessary.	
			Assume suitable data wherever required.	
			그리고 그리고 하는 이 사람들이 가득하는 사람들이 하는 것이 되었다. 그는 것	
Q.1		Attempt any fou	r out of five	20
	a)		? How frames can be classified?	
	b)		network transmits 200 bit frames on a shared channel of 200 kbps. What is the	
	2)		e system (all stations together) produces:	
		(i) 1000 frames p		
		(ii) 500 frames p		
		(iii) 250 frames p		
	-1	3 5		
	c)		Vay Handshaking for connection establishment in TCP	
	d)		etwork address if the destination address is 200.45.34.56 and the subnet mask is	}
		255.255.240.0?	D T I ID T I	
	e)	Differentiate bet	ween Bus Topology and Ring Topology	
Q. 2	a)	Explain OSI mod	del. Consider a source, destination machine and some intermediate nodes for the	10
	-/	discussion.		
	b)		between TDM and FDM	5
	-,		ous addresses used in TCP/IP Layered Architecture.	5
		(1) -17		9
Q. 3	a)	What is DSL Ted	chnology? List different DSLs available. Discuss salient features of ADSL	10
	b)	Explain CSMA/0	CD in detail and also mention its use.	10
Q.4	a)	Draw and explain	n TCP Header format.	10
	b)		vindow protocol? Explain Stop and Wait ARQ in detail.	10
Q.5	a)	Using the below	figure, apply the Bellman-Ford algorithm to find bo.th the minimum cost from	10
			destination node (assume node F) and the next node along the shortest path. Als	
		draw the tree diag		

# Paper / Subject Code: 37003 / COMPUTER COMMUNICATION AND TELECOM NETWORKS

Q.P. Code: 34633



- b) Define Classful addressing scheme used in IPV 4. What is a mask and range of addresses used for 10 each class?
- Q.6 Write a short notes on (any two):

20

- a) HFC
- b) ATM
- c) DNS

\*\*\*\*\*\*

# (P)

N.B.:

1)

# T. E-Sem-VI - CBSGS - EXTC Paper/Subject Code: 37004/TELEVISION ENGINEERING

7/12/18

Q. P. Code: 37699

#### (3 Hours)

Question No.1 is compulsory.

(Total Marks: 80)

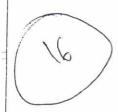
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I ICELOC	CHECKE	" ILCUITOR	you	ALCC ! C	CIAC	115,111	question	paper.	

		2)	Answer any Three out of remaining five questions	
		3)	Draw the neat diagrams wherever necessary.	
1.	(a)	Ex	plain frame rate and refresh rate in digital TV	05
	(b)		plain when and why the horizontal sweep oscillator step out of achronism.	05
	(c)	Gi	ve CCIR-B standards.	05
	(d)	Ex	plain merits and demerits of LED display.	05
2.	(a)		aw and explain Horizontal sync details compared to horizontal deflection vtooth wave.	10
	(b)	Exp	plain D2-MAC packet format and state D2-MAC characteristics.	10
3.	(a)		blem of half-line discrepancy? Explain with diagram.	10
	(b)		aw and explain Image orthicon camera tube. What is the function of the etron multiplier section?	10
4.	(a)		aw and explain NTSC decoder along with the explanation for phasor grams of the signals in the NTSC system.	10
	(b)		plain MAC signals its compression technique and scanning frequency.	10
5.	(a)	Exp	plain with diagram wide dimension HDTV.	10
	(b)		at is the need of MUSE system? Explain its technical specifications, antages and disadvantages.	10
6.			ite short notes on (any two):	20
	(a )		U MAC system	
	(b)		B transmission for TV, how much frequency is allocated for attenuation be and why?	
	(c)		or pulse separation and generation of vertical and horizontal sync pulses	

T.f.-sem-VI-CBS4S- EXTC

Paper / Subject Code: 37005 / OPERATING SYSTEMS

13/12/18



[Time: Three Hours]

[ Marks:80]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

N.B:

- 1. Question.No.1 is compulsory.
- 2. Attempt any three questions from remaining five questions...
- 3. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary and state them clearly.
- Q 1 a) Define a file system. What are various components of a file system? State and explain commonly 5 used operations on file.
  - b) What is the difference between a system call and an interrupt?

5

- c) Give memory partition of 100K,500K,200K,300K and 600K(in order). How would each of the first 5 fit, best fit and worst fit algorithm place process of 212k,417k,112k,and 426k(in order)? Which algorithm makes the most efficient use of memory?
- d) Write four optimizing criteria for CPU scheduling.

5

- Q.2 a) Consider the following page reference string A,B,C,D,B,A,E,F,A,B,C,G,F,C,F. How many page faults would occur for the following page replacement algorithm assuming three and four frames? Remember all frames are initially empty:
  - i) FIFO
  - ii) Optimal
  - iii) LRU
  - b) Justify the need for process synchronization & Design a solution for producer consumer problem 10 using semaphore.

Q.3 a) Consider the following snapshot of the process to be executed. Draw the Gantt chart and determine 10 the average. waiting time and average turnaround time for FCFS, SJF(non-preemptive) and round robin (quantum=2) scheduling algorithm.

Process	Arrival Time	Burst Time
P1	0	4
P2	2	5
P3	4	6
P4	5	2

b) Consider the following snapshot

10

Process	Allocation	Max	Available
	ABCD	ABCD	ABCD
P0	0212	0322	2532
P1	1102	2752	
P2	2254	2376	
P3	0312	1642	
P4	2414	3658	

Answer the following using Banker's algorithm.

- (i) What is the content of matrix Need?
- (ii) Is the system in the safe state?
- (iii) If the request from process PI arrives for (1,3,2,1) can request be granted immediately?

# Paper / Subject Code: 37005 / OPERATING SYSTEMS

Q.4 a)	Suppose the head of moving-head disk with 200 tracks, numbered 0 to 199 is currently serving a request at track 143 and has just finished a request at track 125. If the queue of requests is kept in the FIFO order 86,147,91,177,94, 150, 100, 175, 130 What is total head movement to satisfy these requests for the following disk scheduling algorithms?  i) FCFS ii) SSTF iii) C-SCAN	; 10
b)	Explain working of EDF and RMA real-time scheduling algorithms.	10
Q.5 a)	What is the virtual memory? Explain with neat diagram the translation of virtual address into physical address in a segmentation/paging system.	10
b)	Explain process management in Linux.	10
	State and explain the necessary conditions that lead to deadlock situation. Explain how LINUX performs file management.	10 10

## Paper / Subject Code: 37006 / VLSI DESIGN

Time: 3 Hours

Marks: 80

1] Question no.1 is compulsory

2] Attempt any three questions out of remaining questions

3] Assume suitable data if required

4] Figures to the right indicate marks.

Q. No. 1) Attempt any four from the following

[20]

- a) Draw VTC curve of static CMOS inverter and show all critical voltages ( $V_{\text{IL}}$ ,  $V_{\text{IH}},\,V_{\text{OL}},\,V_{\text{OH}},$  and  $V_{\text{INV}})$  on the plot. Also show current drawn by CMOS inverter on VTC.
- b) Explain any two short channel effects in MOS transistor.
- c) What are advantages and disadvantages of dynamic CMOS logic circuit?
- d) Implement 4:1 multiplexer using NMOS pass transistor logic.
- e) Explain different CMOS clocking styles.

Q. No. 2)

a) Consider a CMOS inverter circuit with the following parameters:

 $V_{DD} = 3.3 V$ 

 $K_n = 200 \mu A/V^2$ 

 $V_{\text{t0,n}} = 0.6 V \\ K_P = 80 \mu A/V^2 V_{\text{t0,p}} = \text{-0.9V}$ 

Calculate noise margins of the circuit. Consider  $K_R=2.5$ .

[10]

- b) Implement Y = A(B+C)(D+E) using
  - (i) static CMOS logic style
  - (ii) Dynamic logic
  - (iii) Depletion load logic
  - (iv) Pseudo NMOS logic

[10]

Q. No. 3)

a) Explain in detail the fabrication sequence of NMOS transistor with cross sectional view of each step. [10]

### Paper / Subject Code: 37006 / VLSI DESIGN

	b)	Draw schematic of six transistor SRAM cell. Describe various constraints should be imposed on the devices to guarantee safe read and write operations.	tion.
		Also discuss relative sizing of the transistors in the cell.	10]
Q. No.		Define scaling. Explain different types of scaling.	[10]
	b)	Construct a full adder mirror circuit and compare the structure with direct structure. [10]	tatic
Q. No.	5) a)	What are different types of design rules? Draw layout of two input CN NAND gate as per lambda based design rules (show units in lambda).	10S [10]
	b)	Explain in detail static and dynamic power dissipation. What are the main components which make power dissipation in CMOS circuit?	[5]
	c)	What is clock skew? Explain clock distribution technique in VLSI system	. [5]
Q. No.6	5) W	Write short notes on any FOUR  i) ESD protection circuit.  ii) 4x4 Barrel shifter  iii) Latch up	[20]
		iv) 3-T DRAM	
		v) Decoder in memory structure	