

Con. 5957-11.

MP-2446

(2 Hours)

[Total Marks : 75

N.B. : (1) Question No. 1 is **compulsory**.(2) Attempt any **four** questions from the remaining questions.(3) Assume **suitable** data and symbols if **required**.(4) **Figures** to the **right** indicate the **full marks**.

Q.1 Answer any five questions:

- Draw the following planes (121), (100), (111) (3)
- State any three applications of superconductivity (3)
- How Lissajous figures are used to determine phase difference? (3)
- What are ultrasonic waves? State magnetostriction effect. (3)
- State Sabine's formula. (3)
- Calculate atomic packing factor for FCC crystal structure? (3)
- Show the position of Fermi level in intrinsic semiconductor, p-type semiconductor and n-type semiconductor. (3)

- Q.2
- Explain Diamond crystal structure with proper diagram. Calculate the number of atoms per unit cell, atomic radius and atomic packing factor for diamond unit cell. (8)
 - What is cavitation effect? Find the natural frequency of vibration of quartz plate of thickness 2 mm. Given: Young's modulus for quartz is 8×10^{10} N/m² and density 2650 Kg/m³. Calculate the change in thickness required if the same plate is to be used to produce ultrasonic waves of 3 MHz. (7)

- Q.3
- Explain reverberation and reverberation time. Explain various methods for design of good acoustics. (8)
 - What are lattice parameters? Aluminium has density 2.7 gm/cm³. It has atomic weight 27 and lattice parameter is 4.05 Å. Determine the type of crystal structure followed by Aluminium and calculate the atomic radius. Given Avogadro's number $N_A = 6.023 \times 10^{23}$ /gm mole. (7)

- Q.4
- What is superconductivity and critical temperature? Describe type I and type II superconductor. (8)
 - Define mobility of charge carrier. Find resistivity of germanium at 300 °K. Given density of carriers is 2.5×10^{19} /m². Mobility of electron is 0.39 m²/V-Sec and mobility of hole is 0.19 m²/V-Sec. Charge of electron is 1.6×10^{19} C. (7)

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Con. 5957-MP-2446-11.

2

- Q.5 a) State Hall effect and what is the significance of hall effect?
n-type Ge sample has donor concentration 10^{21} atoms /m³. What hall voltage would you expect if current 1×10^{-3} A and if 0.5 T magnetic field is applied across 2 mm thick sample.
- b) What is piezoelectric effect? Explain with neat labeled diagram the construction and working of Piezoelectric oscillator.
- Q.6 a) State and explain terms in Bragg's law of X-ray diffraction. Calculate the glancing angle on cube (100) of rock salt having lattice constant 2.814 \AA corresponding to first order diffraction maximum for X-rays of wavelength 1.541 \AA .
- b) Explain construction and working of CRO.
- Q.7 Solve/explain any three:
- a) A class room has dimension $20 \times 15 \times 10 \text{ m}^3$, the reverberation time is 3 sec. Calculate total absorption of its surfaces and average absorption coefficient.
- b) Liquid crystal and different phases of liquid crystal
- c) Point defects in crystal
- d) Meissner effect