	P3-upo-Feb13KL-225 Dic Persing phononacy Sem- IV (Regul	on)
	Con. 2324–13. (REVISED COURSE) DC-	-7066
29	P3-upq-Feb13KL-225 Con. 2324-13. (REVISED COURSE) DC- P3-upq-Feb13KL-225 Con. 2324-13. (REVISED COURSE) DC- P3-upq-Feb13KL-225 (REVISED COURSE) DC- P3-upq-Feb13KL-225 (REVISED COURSE) DC- P3-upq-Feb13KL-225 (REVISED COURSE) DC- P4- P3-upq-Feb13KL-225 (REVISED COURSE) DC- P3-upq-Feb13KL-225 (REVISED COURSE) DC- P4- P5- P5- P6- P6- P6- P6- P6- P6- P6- P6- P6- P6	s: 40
	 Answer in brief:— (a) Bentonite should be sterilized before use in preparations for application to broken skin. (b) Define the terms 'freshly prepared' and 'recently prepared'. (c) What is the percentage of Zinc Oxide in an ointment prepared by mixin 250 g of 8% ointment, 150 g of 15% ointment and 50 g of 5% ointment eac containing zinc oxide? (d) Enlist the various ways by which rate of filtration can be enhanced? (e) What is the binder used in preparation of tablet triturates? Why? 	g
9	2. (a) Comment on the following prescription: R _X Eucalyptus oil	3
	 (b) Discuss in brief the formulation and method of preparation of lozenges and pastilles (c) Give English translations. (i) In Phiala (ii) Ut antea (iii) Infricandus (iv) Oculentum. 	. 3 2
	(d) Give Conversions: (i) 10 scruples = grains (ii) 8 gallons = fluid ounces (iii) 200 ml = minims (iv) 8 lbs = drachms.	2
3	3. (a) Calculate the percentage of sodium chloride necessary to render an injection containing 2 percent of methoxamine hydrochloride iso-osmotic with blood plasma. (Mol.wt.of methoxamine hydrochloride = 247-7, Mol.wt. of sodium chloride = 58-5 one molecule of methoxamine hydrochloride yields 2 ions)	4
	 (b) State the ideal properties of a suppository base. Discuss Macrogol as a suppository base. (c) Discuss the mixing techniques frequently used in making circumstre. White 	3
	(c) Discuss the mixing techniques frequently used in making ointments. Write a note on ointments containing iodine.	3
4.	 (a) Write a note on Bulk Powders for external use. (b) Write a note on Preservation of Emulsions. (c) Differentiate between Pastes and Gels. (d) Enlist the parts of a Prescription and explain superscription. 	3 2 2
5.	 (a) Write short notes on: (any two) (i) Pills (ii) Dispensing of Proprietories (iii) Solutions instilled into body carities. (b) Explain 'Physical Incompatibility' with suitable examples. (c) Give the container / closure system and labelling directions for: (i) Effervescent granules 	2 2
	(ii) Nasal drops.	