Pharmacout cal chemistry - Sen Mi

Con. 2268-10.

(OLD COURSE)

MX-8518

(2 Hours)

[Total Marks: 35

N.B.: (1)	Question	No. 1	is	compulsor	у.
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(c) Mebendazole.

(2) Answer any four of the remaining six questions.

Give one example with structure of the following (any seven) :-7 (a) Give a combination therapy for treatment of T.B. (b) Give the active form of the antiviral agent Ara-A. (c) An antiamoebic agent which is a derivative of acetanilide. (d) An antifungal antibiotic. (e) A third generation cephalosporin. (f) An antimetabolite of uracil (g) Thymidylate synthase enzyme inhibitor. (h) A broad spectrum anthelmintic agent. (a) Draw the structure, give the generic name and write the therapeutic use of the 2. following (any three) :-(i) 4 - Amino - 3 - isoxagolidinone (ii) 1 - [2 - (ethy|sulfony|) - 2 - methy|] - 5 - nitroimidazole(iii) 8 - [(4 - Amino - 1 - methyl butyl) amino] - 6 - methoxy quinoline (iv) 6 - Cyclohexyl - 1 - hydroxy, 4 - methyl) 2 - (H) pyridinone. (b) Give the structure of ethambutol. 1 3 Discuss the steps in life-cycle of the plasmodium in brief. (b) Classify antiviral agents giving example for each class with structure. (a) Outline the degradation pathway for the Penicillins in acidic medium and explain 4. with two examples how modification can prevent degradation. Give reactions explaining the mechanism of action of the nitrosourceas as alkylating anticancer agents. (a) Mention the drugs used to treat filariasis and worm infections in man. (Write the 3 structure of the drugs). (b) Give the structure and mechanism of action of Ciprofloxacin. 2 Outline the structural features of macrolide antibiotic. 2 (c) (a) Explain why the pKa values of salfonamide antibacterials is important for their activity. 2 (b) Write mechanism of action of azole antifungal agents. 2 Mention the sources and mechanism of action of Paclitaxel. Outline the detailed synthesis of any two of the following:-(a) Methotrexate (b) Cloxacillin