

2

4. (a) Express  $\frac{\sin 7\theta}{\sin \theta}$  in powers of  $\sin \theta$  only.

- (b) Test the convergence of  $\sum \frac{3^n + 4^n}{4^n + 5^n}$

- (c) If  $y = \sin(m \sin^{-1} x)$  S.T.

$$(1-x^2)y_{n+2} - (2n+1)xy_{n+1} - (n^2 - m^2)y_n = 0$$

5. (a) S.T.  $\frac{d^n}{dx^n}(\tan^{-1} x) = \frac{(-1)^{n-1}(n-1)! \sin(n \tan^{-1} x)}{(x^2 + 1)^{n/2}}$

- (b) find a, b if  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{a \sin x - \sin 2x}{\tan^3 x} = b$

- (c) If  $\vec{A} = \nabla(xy + yz + zx)$  find  $\nabla \cdot \vec{A}$  &  $\nabla \times \vec{A}$ .

6. (a) If  $u = x^2 - y^2$ ,  $v = 2xy$  &  $z = f(u, v)$  P.T.

$$\left( \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} \right)^2 = 4\sqrt{u^2 + v^2} \left[ \left( \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{\partial z}{\partial v} \right)^2 \right]$$

- (b) Find directional derivative of  $\phi = e^{2x-y-z}$  at  $(1, 1, 1)$  in the direction of tangent to the curve  $x = e^{-t}$ ,  $y = 2 \sin t + 1$ ,  $z = t - \cos t$ , at  $t = 0$ .

- (c) Find the principal value of  $(x+iy)^i$  and show that it is entirely real if

$$\frac{1}{2} \log(x^2 + y^2)$$
 is multiple of  $\pi$ .

7. (a) If  $u(x+y) = x^2 + y^2$  then S.T.  $\left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right)^2 = 4 \left[ 1 - \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right]$

- (b) Find the maximum and minimum values of  $x^3 + 3xy^2 - 3x^2 - 3y^2 + 4$

- (c) Separate into real and imaginary parts of  $(\sqrt{i})^{\sqrt{i}}$