## Q.P. Code: 3387

(3 Hours)

[ Total Marks :100

N.B	. :	(1) (2) (3)	Question No. 1 is compulsory.  Solve any Three out of remaining questions.  Assume suitable data if required.	
1.	Solv (a) (b) (c) (d)	D W E	ne following: esign a circuit to keep LED 'ON' for 30 seconds once circuit is triggered. That is CMRR for op-amp and how to measure it practically? Explain first order active filter circuit. esign a 0.5A current source using IC7805. Assume RL =100.	20
	(e)		xplain 7490 Decade counter.	
2.	(a)		esign triangular waveform generator for frequency for 5 kHz and opp=6V using op-amp.	10
	(b)	D	xplain IC 741 based RC phase shift oscillator with proper waveforms. esign RC phase shift oscillator to produce sinusoidal frequency output f 5 kHz.	10
3.	(a)		esign a high pass second order filter for the cut off frequency of 1 kHz and passband gain AF=2.	10
	(b)	V	Vrite the advantages of precision rectifier. Explain half wave precision ectifier along with neat waveforms.	10
4.	(a) (b)	D	esign a voltage regulator using IC 723 to give V0=5V and output current of 2A. Fraw instrumentation amplifier using opamp and hence derive equation or output voltage.	10
	(c)		xplain zero crossing detector with neat diagram.	4
5.	(a)	D	oraw and explain the functional diagram of IC 555 and explain its operation in astable mode.	10
	(b)		With the help of a neat circuit diagram explain the working of 74163 ynchronous 4-bit binary counter.	10
		A	also illustrate the cascading connections for 74163 based counters.	
6.	(a) (b) (c) (d)	O C	hort note on the following: 4181 Arithmetic Logic Unit. Current foldback protection. Any two applications of PLL 565. Voltage to frequency converter.	20