

- N.B. 1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.  
 2) Attempt any four questions out of the remaining six questions.  
 3) Figures to right indicate full marks.

Q 1. a) Find the Laplace transform of  $\frac{\cos 2t \cdot \sin t}{e^t}$  5

b) Prove that  $f(z) = x^2 - y^2 + 2ixy$  is analytic and find  $f'(z)$ . 5

c) Evaluate  $\int_0^{1+2i} z^2 dz$ , along the curve  $2x^2 = y$  5

d) Is the following matrix orthogonal? If not, can it be converted into an orthogonal matrix? If yes how.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \\ -2 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad 5$$

Q 2. a) Find the orthogonal trajectory of the family of curves given by  $2x - x^3 + 3xy^2 = a$  6

b) Find Non-singular matrices P & Q such that PAQ is in normal form. Also find rank of A where A is

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -2 \\ -1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad 6$$

c) Find the Laplace Transform of

i)  $e^{2t}(1+t)^2$       ii)  $\int_0^t u e^{-3u} \sin 4u du$  8

Q 3. a) Find the values of k for which the equations  $x+y+z=1$ ,  $x+2y+3z=k$ ,  $x+5y+9z=k^2$  have solution. Solve them for these values of k. 6

b) Find the analytic function whose real part is  $u = x^4 - 6x^2y^2 + y^4$  6

c) Find inverse Laplace transform of following

i)  $\log\left(\frac{s+a}{s+b}\right)$       ii)  $\frac{s}{(s+3)(s-4)}$  8

Q 4. a) Find the image of  $|z-2|=3$ , under the transformation  $w=1/z$ . 6

b) Determine Eigen values and Eigen vectors for the matrix.  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$  6

[TURN OVER]

c) Evaluate i)  $\int_c \frac{z+2}{(z-3)(z-4)} dz$ , where  $c$  is the circle  $|z|=1$  8

ii)  $\int_c \frac{dz}{(z+3)}$ , where  $c$  is the circle  $|z|=2$

Q 5. a) Express the following matrix as the sum of symmetric and skew-symmetric matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 7 \\ -1 & -2 & -4 \\ 8 & 2 & 13 \end{bmatrix}$$

6

b) Evaluate  $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{e^{-t} - e^{-3t}}{t} dt$  6

c) Obtain Taylor's and Laurent's expansions of  $f(z) = \frac{z-1}{z^2-2z-3}$  indicating ROC 8

Q 6. a) Find the bilinear transformation, which maps  $z = \infty, i, 0$  on to the points  $w = 0, i, \infty$ . 6

b) Evaluate the following using Residues theorem

$$\int_c \frac{z-1}{(z+1)^2(z-2)} dz \text{ where } c \text{ is the circle } |z-i|=2$$

6

c) Find  $L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{s^2}{(s^2+a^2)^2} \right\}$  using convolution theorem. 8

Q 7. a) Evaluate  $\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{5-3\cos\theta}$  6

b) Verify that  $A(\text{adj } A) = |A|I$  for  $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -2 & 3 \\ -2 & 1 & 1 \\ 4 & -5 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$  6

c) Using Laplace Transform solve the following differential equation with

given conditions 8

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dx} - 3y = 0, \text{ where } y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 4$$