

SE - Sem III - Old - CE

NT

16/12/15  
Q.P. Code : 1219

(OLD COURSE)

(3 Hours)

Total Marks : 100

- N.B. (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.  
(2) Attempt any four out of remaining six questions.  
(3) Make suitable assumptions if required and justify the same.

1. (a) Volume of a certain solid  $V$  is calculated using formula  $V = 64 \frac{xy^4}{z^2}$  5  
where  $x, y$  &  $z$  denote three dimensions. If maximum possible errors in the  $x, y$  &  $z$  is limited to plus minus 0.001. Estimate the maximum probable error in the calculation of volume if the normal dimension  $x, y$  &  $z$  are equal to unity.

(b) Define the operators  $\Delta, \nabla, \delta, \mu$  &  $E$ . Prove that 5

i)  $2\mu\delta = \Delta + \nabla$                       ii)  $E = 1 + \Delta$

(c) Using Picard's method solve 5

$\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + xy$  such that  $y = 0$  when  $x = 0$ .

(d) Derive the equation for Regula - falsi method using geometrical interpretation. 5

2. (a) List the bracketing methods and open methods and find the real root of the equation  $xe^x - \cos x = 0$  using Newton-Raphson method correct to three decimal places. 10

(b) Solve the following equations by Gauss - Seidel method. 10  
 $27x + 6y - z = 85, \quad 6x + 15y + 2z = 72, \quad x + y + 54z = 110.$

3. (a) From the following table find the number of students who obtained marks less than 45.

Marks	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70
No. of students	31	42	51	35

(b) Using Newton's divided difference formula, find the value of  $f(9)$  from the following table. 10

$x$	5	7	11	13	17
$f(x)$	150	392	1452	2366	5202

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4. (a) Write a program for Lagrange's interpolation method and using this formula, find the value of  $y$  when  $x = 10$  from the following table.

$x$	5	6	9	11
$y$	12	13	14	16

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- (b) Fit a second degree parabola to the following data:

$x$	2	4	5	6	8	11
$y$	18	12	10	8	7	5

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5. (a) Evaluate  $\int_0^6 \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$  by using Trapezoidal, Simpson's  $\frac{1}{3}$ <sup>rd</sup> and Simpson's  $\frac{3}{8}$ <sup>th</sup> rule.

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- (b) Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 + y$  with  $x_0 = 0, y_0 = 1$  by Euler's modified formula find the value of  $y$  when  $x = 0.5$  taking  $h = 0.25$ .

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6. (a) Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y^2$  with initial conditions  $y(1) = 1.5$  and find  $y$  at  $x = 1.2, x = 1.4$  by Runge - Kutta Method of Fourth Order taking  $h = 0.2$ .

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- (b) Solve the following set of equations using Gauss Elimination method.

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$$2x + y + z = 10, \quad -3x + 2y + 3z = 18, \quad x + 4y + 9z = 16.$$

7. (a) Explain the propagation of errors.

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- (b) Using Adams - Bashforth method, obtain the solution of  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x - y^2$  at  $y(0.8)$ , given values

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$x$	0	0.2	0.4	0.6
$y$	0	0.0200	0.0795	0.1762

- (c) Write a short note on Golden section search.

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