T9831 - F. Y. B Phanm (Sem I) CBG / APP I - Date: 24/4/18

[Time: Three Hours]

Q.P. Code:07530

[Marks:80]

		Please check whether you have got the right question paper.	
		N.B: 1. All questions are compulsory.	
		2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.	
		3. Draw neat, labeled diagrams wherever necessary.	
Q.1	L a)	Answer the following:-	1
		i) Justify- Cartilage as a connective tissue	
		ii) Justify- Plasma membrane is semi-permeable membrane	
		iii) Justify- Thymus as a primary lymphatic organ.	
		iv) Justify- blood O is universal donor.	
		v) Define: transudate, exudates	
		vi) Define: contractility and excitability of muscle Tissue	
		vii) Define homeostasis	
		viii) Enlist any four components of second line defense of non-specific immunity.	
	b)	Answer the following:-	04
		i) Define- interstitial fluid	2
		ii) Enlist any two conditions in which High Count of Neutrophils is seen.	
		iii) type of muscle is voluntary and striated.	
		iv) Enlist the types of cell junctions.	
0.2	21	Answer any Two of the following	08
4.2	u,	i) Write short notes on Lifecycle of RBC	
		ii) Describe the process of Thrombopoiesis and Platelet plug formation.	
		iii) Explain principle of blood grouping in detail.	
		my Explain principle of blood grouping in detail.	
	b)	Write a short note on Any TWO of the following	04
		i) Polycythemia and thrombocytopenia	
		ii) Sickle cell anemia and pernicious anemia	
Q.3	a)	Answer Any TWO of the following	08
		i) Give detailed account of muscle proteins	
		ii) Explain microscopic anatomy of skeletal muscle.	
		iii) With the help of a neat, labeled diagrams explain anatomy and physiology of smooth muscle	
	h	Answer Any ONE of the following	04
	U)	i) Describe sliding filament mechanism of skeletal muscle contraction	
		ii) With the help of a neat, labeled diagram explain Neuromuscular Junction in detail.	
		The title field of a fleat, labeled diagram explain reduction about a surection in detail.	
2.4	a)	Answer the following	08
		i) Draw a neat, labeled diagram of Lymph node.	
		ii) Describe the organization of lymphatic vessels and explain the formation and flow of lymph	

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	b)	Write a s	hort note on ONE of the following	04
		i)	Describe Salient features of epithelial tissue and give detail classification	
		ii)	Describe the various fibers and their role in connective tissue and enlist the cells of	connective
			tissue.	
Q.5	3)	Answer A	Any ONE of the following	04
		i)	Draw a neat, labeled diagram of plasma membrane.	
		ii)	Explain the principle and factors affecting diffusion.	
	b)	Answer A	iny ONE of the following	04
	- /	i)	Describe muscle metabolism in detail	
		ii)	Write a note on Excitation – contraction coupling	
	c)	Answer A	ny ONE of the following	04
	-/	i)	Describe the mechanisms involved in vasodilatation in inflammation.	
		. ii)	Write a short note on chemical mediators of acute inflammation.	
0.6	2)	Answer Au	ny TWO of the following	08
410	u /	i)	Write a short note on cell mediated immunity	
		ii)	Explain the process of blood coagulation in detail	
		iii)	Describe the process of phagocytosis in detail	
	h1	Answer Ar	ny ONE of the following	04
	U)	Allswei Al	Describe the outcomes/fate of acute inflammation	
		;;)	Describe role of different cells in chronic inflammation.	
		ii)	Describe role of different cens in chronic inflammation.	

F. Y. B Phann (Sem J) CBCS - BC-J.

Q.P. Code :02886

983355213 [Time: 3 Hours] Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

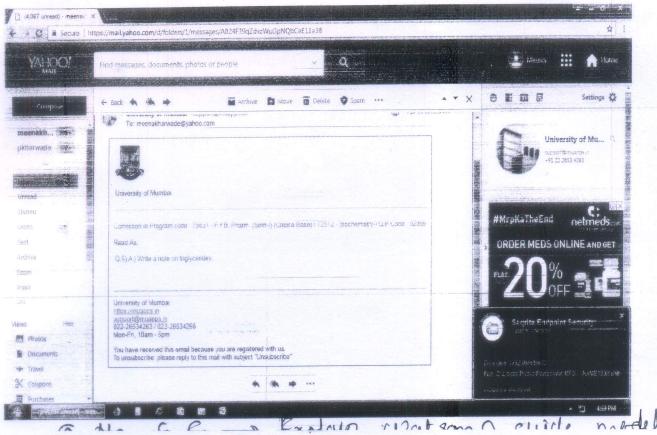
[Marks:80]

1. All questions are compulsory. N.B:

Q.1	A. Draw the structure of Fructose by using Fischer projection formula	1
Q.1	B. Draw the structure of D-Arabinose by using Haworth projection formula	Ì
	C. Give name of an aromatic amino acid	1
	D. Explain anabolism with example	1
	E. Enlist water soluble vitamins	1
	F. Define Mutarotation	1
	G. Name and write the structure of coenzyme form of Vitamin-B ₆	1
	H. Define annealing for nucleic acids	1
	I. Write the structure of sucrose	1
	J. Draw the structure of Lecithin	1
	K. Draw the structure of GTP	
	L. Deficiency of Vitamin-C leads to	1
	M. Give name and draw the structure of acidic amino acids with three letter code	2
	N. Differentiate reducing and non-reducing sugar	2
	O. Explain the primary structure of proteins	2
	P. Explain Rancidity	2
	F. Explain Kalicidity	
Q.2	A. Explain the α -Helix structure of proteins	3
	B. Explain ATP as energy carrier	3
	C. Discuss the biochemical role of Vitamin-B9	3
	D. Note on nucleoside	2
	E. Enumerate silent features of digestion of carbohydrates	1
Q.3	A. Write a note on starch	3
	B. Write a note on biochemical role of Vitamin-A or Vitamin-D	3
	C. Differentiate DNA and RNA	3
	D. Explain concept of standard free energy and transformed free Energy	2
	E. Write the role of Liver in digestion of food	1
Q.4	A. Classify amino acids based on functional group with examples (No structures required)	3
	B. Write a note on glycolipid or phospholipids	3
	C. Discuss the biochemical role of riboflavin or nicotinamide	3
	D. Write a note on Inositol	2
	E. Explain thermodynamically unfavorable reaction	1

TURN OVER

Q.5	A. Write a note on polysaccharides	
	B. Write a note on folic acid or thiamine	
	C. Write a note on Ascorbic acid or Biotin	-
	D. Draw structure of Phospholipids	
	D. Draw structure of Phospholipids E. Write salient features of lipid digestion	
Q.6	A. Write a note on Triglycerol	
	B. Write a short note on Vitamin-K or Vitamin-E	,
	C. Differentiate between DNA and RNA Laplain whatson a Girle model 3	
	D. Explain laws of thermodynamics	
	F Explain nucleotide with example of it	



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19831 - F. Y.B. Pharm (Sem-I) CBCS - General Chemis Date: 17/4/18

Q.P. CODE: 34611

	(3 Hours)	Total Marks:	80	
			1500	
N.B.:				
	2) Answer all sub questions together			
	3) Figures to right indicate for	ıll marks		
Q.1	(a) Explain the terms (Any 5)			
	i) Catalyst	ii) Quantum number		
	iii) Physiological buffers	iv) Expectorants		
	v) Rate constant	vi) Chelating agents		
	b) Answer the following (A	any 5)	10	
		PCl ₅ and state hybridization of central atom		
	ii) Give one example scelrosi			
		. Mention any two disadvantages		
	iv) Explain role of copper as			
	v) Draw an energy profile diagram for two step reaction and indicate an intermediate			
	and a rate determining step			
	vi) Classify: calcium gluconate, magnesium trisilicate, sodium chloride, sodium acetate			
			5	
	b) Match the following		3	
	Column A	Column B		
	i) EDTA	Calamine		
•	ii) Cr-51	Chelating agent		
	iii) Aluminum chloride	Planar geometry .		
	iv) BF ₃	Survival time for RBCs		
	v) Zinc earbonate	Electrohilic catalyst		
Q.2	a) 'Isotope effect is maximum	m for hydrogen', Explain the statement and		
	give applications for it		4	
	b) Answer the following (Ar	iy 2)	4	
	i) Discuss protein precipitant as antimicrobial agents			
	ii)When are the emetic agents required? Explain their mechanism of action briefly and give one example			
	iii) Explain why tale is a protective topical agent?			
	c) Add a note on applications of radioactive iodine preparations			
	d) Elaborate physiological ro	le of sodium ion	2	
Q.3	a) i) Explain Electrophilic cat		2	
	ii) Discuss how phase transfe	r catalysis takes place in the reaction mixture?	2	

b) i) Justify use of Dilute Hydrochloric acid for treatment
ii) State significance and examples of combinations antacids
c) Give ground state electronic configurations: Sodium, Sulphur
d) Calculate the formal charge on nitrogen and double bonded oxygen

2

Q.4 a) Complete the following table on the basis of hybridization concept

4

Molecule	Hybridization state of the Bond angle underlined atom
SiCl ₄	
H ₂ O	
BF ₃	
C in Ethylene	

- b) Elaborate on mechanism of actions for antimicrobials and uses of hydrogen peroxide 4 2 c) State and explain reactivity-selectivity principle d) State an example of a reaction giving kinetically controlled product and 2 thermodynamically controlled product and justify Q.5a) State true or false i) dxy, dyz and dzx orbitals have pi symmetry ii) Electron affinity is same as electronegativity for any element iii) Dipole moment for NH3 is less than NF3 iv) Bond angle for CH4 is 90° by hybridization theory b) What is a general base? Derive an expression for general base catalysis 2 c) Discuss use of sodium nitrite and sodium thiosulphate in cyanide poisoning 2 d) Writs a note on electrolytes used in replacement therapy 12 0.6 Answer the following (Any 6)
 - i) State rate law and molecularity for the reaction: $H_2 + Cl_2 \rightarrow 2HCl$
 - ii) Give uses of radioactive Co-57 and Co-60
 - iii) How Hammond's postulate is related to reactivity-selectivity principle?
 - iv) What is the weight of NaCl needed to prepare a liter of solution containing 9 mEq Na⁺/ l
 - v) Explain the role of iron as essential and trace elements
 - vi) Write a note on biological effects of radiations
 - vii) Give any two examples of protective and adsorbents and explain their use

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[Marks: 80]

(4)

Dispensing Community Pharmacy Q.P. Code: 27837

[Time: - 3 Hours]

N.B: 1. All questions are compulsory 2. Figures to the right indicate full marks (2) Classify dosage forms Q.1.a (2) Define i) Compounding and ii) Dispensing Q.1.b (2) Write in brief about dispensing of proprietary medicines Q.1.c What should be the concentration of a stock solution of sodium chloride if (2) Q.1.d dilution of 250 ml of the concentrated solution on dilution up to 2 litres with distilled water yields a 1:6000 solution. Explain any 2 tests to differentiate between o/w and w/o emulsion (2) Q.1.e (2) Define gels. Give any TWO examples of gelling agents. Q.1.f (2) Discuss the manufacturing of pills. Q.1.g Give any one example of physical incompatibility. How would you overcome the (2) Q.1.h same? (2) Define pharmaceutical care and enlist its principles Q.1.i Enumerate the benefits and risks involved in the use of OTC medicines. (2) Q.1.j Classify routes of administration. Differentiate between oral and parenteral (4) Highlight the container-closure system and labelling directions for (any TWO) (4) Q.2.b ii) Ointment iii) Lozenge i) Suspension Enlist the various methods for formulating an emulsion. Explain any TWO in (4)Q.2.c detail. (4) Define a prescription. Explain its various parts in detail Q.3.a Give the details of various ointment bases used Q.3.b. (4) Describe in detail the procedure to compound and dispense suppositories made using cocoa butter as the base (4)Write a note on effervescent granules Q.3.c How would you formulate a suspension containing an indiffusible solid Q.4.a (4)Classify solutions. Describe in brief any TWO solutions meant for external application. (4)Comment on the following prescription Q.4.b Calciferol solution 0.15 ml Glycerine 0.3 ml Water q.s. 1 ml Send 50 ml for a 3 year old child Label: 5 ml to be taken daily with meals Discuss the responsibilities of a community pharmacist in the modern healthcare (4) Q.4.c (4) Define "health" as per WHO. Give the significance and methods used for health Q.5.a

Discuss the steps involved in patient counselling.

screening.

Q.5.b

Q.P. Code: 27837

Q.5.c		rase the code of ethics for Pharmacy Council of India	or a pharmacist in relation to his job as laid dov a.	vn (4)		
Q.6.a	How many grams of ointments containing 30% w/w zinc oxide, 15% w/w zinc oxide and simple ointment should be mixed to produce 500 grams of ointment containing 20% w/w zinc oxide?			(4)		
Q.6.b				(4)		
	Hyoscine	e hydrobromide	100 μg			
	Lactose		qs			
	Send 5 sachets weighing 120 mg each. Label: One powder to be taken 30 mins prior to journey					
Q.6.c	i) Give th	ne causative agents for the	he following diseases:	(2)		
	i)	Whooping cough				
	ii)	Cholera				
	iii)	Tetanus				
	iv)	AIDS				
	ii) What i	s a balanced diet? Give i	its significance.	(2)		