

Set-01

ANJUMAN-I-ISLAM'S KALSEKAR TECHNICAL CAMPUS, NEW PANVEL

KALSEKAR TECHNICAL CAMPUS, NEW PANVEL		
School of Engineering & Technology Subject: Television & Video Engineering Marks: 30 Class: T.E	Date: 22-02-2014 Duration: 01 Hr Branch: EXTC	
N.B.:(1) Question No.1 is compulsory. (2) Answer any two out of remaining four questions.		_
Q.1.		
(a) Why is vestigial sideband transmission used for transmission of TV pi What is the need for vestigial sideband correction?	cture signals?	(5)
(b) What are the advantages of interlaced scanning?		(5)
Q.2 Draw the block diagram of monochrome TV transmitter, receiver & explafunctioning of it.	in the	(10)
Q.3 Draw the composite video signal for three horizontal lines & explain the vain detail.	arious component	(10)
Q.4 Show that a total channel bandwidth of 7 MHz is necessary for successful to & sound signals in the 625 line TV system. Sketch frequency distribution of location of picture and sound signal carrier frequencies. why is the sound carrier from the picture carrier?	of the channel and marl	k the
Q.5 Compare image orthicon, vidico & plumbicon camera tubes .which type of why?	camera tube is best &	(10)



ANJUMAN-I-ISLAM'S KALSEKAR TECHNICAL CAMPUS, NEW PANVEL School of Engineering & Technology

Subject: RADAR ENGG.

TEST-01

Date: 22/02/14

Marks: 30

Duration: 01 Hrs

Class: T.E (SEM-VI)

Branch: EXTC

Instructions: Q.1 is compulsary

Q.1 Solve the following-----2x5 = 10

- a.A radar transmits the pulse and it returns from target after 10 micro-sec.at what distance target present?
- b.Explain effect of noise in Radar receiver's performance?

Q.2 Attempt any two out of three-----2x05 = 10

- a.Derive radar range equation in terms of signal to noise ratio..
- b. Explain different swerling models for RCS fluctuations.
- c.A Radar transmit pulses with a pulse width of 1microsecond with PRF of 1000HZ.determine maximum and minimum range of radar.

Q.3 Attempt any two out of three -----2x5=10

- a. Write short note on Maximum unambiguous range of radar.
- b. What are the different system losses in radar. Explain in brief.
- c. Explain radar frequency and applications



ANJUMAN-I-ISLAM'S KALSEKAR TECHNICAL CAMPUS, NEW PANVEL

School of Engineering & Technology nunication Duration: 1 Hr

ubject: Digital Communication Duration: 1 Hr		
Class: T.E Branch: Electronics & Telecommunication		
Sem VI (UT-I)	teb, 14	
Instructions: Q1 is compulsory, Attempt any 2 out of 3		
1)Consider five messages with probabilities 0.5,0.25,0.125,0 Huffman and shannon fano coding to develop efficient coand redundancy 10		
2)a) Can there be tradeoff between signal to noise ratio and	bandwidth in calculation channel	
capacity? Prove the upper limit of C is $C\infty=1.44 \text{ S/ p}$	5	
b) Explain Block Diagram of Communication Systems	5	
3) a)Explain Shannon-Hartley Theorem	5	
b) Discuss the Significance of Eye Pattern	5	
4) a)Derive Expression for Entropy and define Information F	Rate 5	
b) Draw the date pattern of 01101001	5	
i)Polar RZ		
ii)RZ-AMI		
iii) UniPolar NRZ		
iv) Manchester Coding		



ANJUMAN-I-ISLAM'S KALSEKAR TECHNICAL CAMPUS, NEW PANVEL

School of Engineering & Technology

Subject: AWP

Marks: 30

Class: TE Som V

UT-I

Date: 20 - 02 - 2014 Duration: 1 Hr/s

Branch: EXTC

Q1) COMPULSARY 10 marks

A. Derive Friis Transmission Formula.

A Radio Link Has A 15 W Transmitter Connected To An Antenna Of $0.2m^2$ Effective Aperture Of 5 Ghz . The Receiving Antenna Has An Effective Aperture Of $0.5~M^2$ And Is Located At An 15km Line Of Sight Distance The Transmitting . Assuming Lossless Matched Antennas . Find The Power Delivered To The Receiver .

ATTEMPT ANY TWO FROM Q2, Q3 & Q4

- Q2) ATTEMPT ANY ONE 10 marks
 - A. Define
 - 1. Radiation resistance
 - 2. Directivity
 - 3. Antenna resolution
 - 4. Polarization and polarization loss factor
 - **B.** State and give the reciprocity theorem . Show that the transmitting and receiving radiation patterns of antenna are equal.
- Q3) ATTEMPT ANY ONE. 10 marks
 - A. Short note on The equivalent noise temperature of an antenna.
 - **B.** Explain the significance of the term " effective area of an antenna " . Derive the relation between effective area and directivity of any antenna.
- Q4) ATTEMPT ANY ONE 10 marks
 - A. Derive the infinitesimal dipole (short dipole) for near field and far field .
 - B. Explain ground interference effect & folded dipole antenna.



ANJUMAN-I-ISLAM'S KALSEKAR TECHNICAL CAMPUS, NEW PANVEL School of Engineering & Technology

Subject: MPMC-II	Date: reby 4
Marks: 30	Duration: 1 Hr/s
Class: T.E Sem VI (UT-I)	Branch: EXTC
Instructions:	
Attempt any THREE out of the following question.	
Q.1 Design Microprocessor based system with following	ng specifications:- 10 M
i) 8086 working at 6 MHz.	
ii) 16 KB EPROM using 8 KB chip iii) 16 KB RAM using 8 KB chip	5)
m) to No Man using o No Chip	
Q.2 Draw PSW (Flag Register Format) of 8086 micropre	ocessor and explain setting of different
bits with example.	10 M
)
Q.3 Draw timing diagram for write operation in minim	num mode configuration of 8086 and 10 M
explain.	10 W
Q. 4 Explain Maximum mode of 8086 microprocessor.	10 M
Q.5 a) Explain pipeline concept used in 8086 microproc	essor. 5 M
h) Data related Addressing modes of 2006	EM
b) Data related Addressing modes of 8086	5 M



ANJUMAN-I-ISLAM'S KALSEKARTECHNICALCAMPUS,NEWPANVEL

5)

SchoolofEngineering&Technology

Subject:IETR

Marks: 20

Class: T.E. App V)

SchoolofEngineering&Technology

Date: Feb. 14

Duration: 01 Hour

Branch: EXTC

- Q. 1. (a) Discuss major functions of management. (05)
 - (b)Explain the meaning of 4 P's in marketing. (05)
- Q.2. (a) Explain Maslow's Theory of Motivation. (05)(b) Write a note on 'Leadership'. (05)