

Con. 6406-13.

GS-6180

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks : 100

- N.B. :** (1) Question No. 1 is **compulsory**.  
 (2) Attempt any **four** from the **rest**.  
 (3) Make **suitable** assumptions.  
 (4) **Figures** to the **right** indicates **full** marks.

1. (a) Explain the construction and working of Schottkey diode. 5  
 (b) Explain why thermal stabilization is not necessary in JFET amplifiers. 5  
 (c) Explain why JFET is a voltage controller device. 5  
 (d) Explain the principle of operation of solar cell. 5
2. (a) With the help of circuit diagram and the related wave form explain the full wave rectifier circuit. Derive the expressions for ac and dc output voltage. 10  
 (b) With the help of hybrid Pi model of common emitter amplifier derive the expressions for voltage gain and input impedance of BJT CE amplifier. 10
3. (a) What are  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$  in case of BJT ? What is the importance of these parameters ? 5  
 (b) Explain the working principle of JFET with the help of input and output and transfer characteristics. 10  
 (c) Explain common drain field effect transistor. 5
4. (a) What is current feedback and voltage feedback amplifier ? Explain it with the help of circuit diagram of BJT amplifier. 10  
 (b) Explain the construction and working of Depletion MOSFET. How a MOSFET is different from JFET ? 10
5. (a) Draw the circuit diagram dual input balanced output differential amplifier and obtain voltage gain with the help of its AC equivalent circuit. 10  
 (b) What is CMRR in case of differential amplifier ? 5  
 (c) Explain what is thermal runaway. 5
6. (a) Compare common emitter, common base and common collector BJT amplifier. 10  
 (b) Draw the hybrid Z model of common source field effect transistor and find the expressions for voltage gain input impedance and output impedance. 10
7. Write short notes on any **three** :— 20
  - (a) Photoemissive device.
  - (b) Optoisocator.
  - (c) LED
  - (d) Photo transistor.
  - (e) Photodiode.